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The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

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MASONIC TEMPLE.
FRIDAY, FEB. 16.
The Greatest Prodigities known to the American Stage.
THE POWER OF THE PRESS!
The great New York and Boston Success.
11—Realistic Scenes—11
Full of Deep Human Interest and Bright Comedy.
Regular Prices. Seats Wednesday.

THE NEW YORK HAIR BAZAAR,
We make a specialty of the latest styles, and use only the best materials. The purest soaps and cosmetics. Face Powder and Toilet Articles on sale.
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Confirmation Suits !
ALL TAILOR MADE.
Black, $6.50 and $8.00.
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We guarantee them to be perfect in style and workmanship.
J. G. THIEME & SON.
Cor. Columbia and Clinton Sts.

DILATORY TACTICS

In Legislative Matters Will Receive a Black Eye.

Congressmen's Salaries Will Suffer Every Time They Refrain From Voting.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The democratic leaders of the house have been considerable exercised of late over the disposition manifested by the republicans to force them to produce a quorum upon all important propositions committed to the house. They believe the republicans, under the leadership of Mr. Reed, are trying to compel them to adopt the expedient restored to in the fifty first congress of counting a quorum. Journal Clerk Crutchfield, however, has formulated a rule which will, in his opinion, accomplish the same end in a different way and the question of adopting it as an amendment to the rules is now under consideration. The rule which he proposes is as follows:

"Whenever upon a roll call a quorum fails to appear, upon the demand of any member, the clerk shall certify a list of the members not voting on such call to the sergeant-at-arms, who shall deduct from the monthly compensation of each member so failing to vote the amount of his salary for one day; provided, that this deduction shall not be made in the case of a member who is absent by leave of the house."

It is pointed out that this rule would simply carry out the provisions of existing laws, which, according to section 40 of the revised statutes of the United States, require that for every day a member of the house is absent, except on account of sickness, the pay for such day shall be deducted from his salary. Heretofore, however, the very great charges has had no way of ascertaining in an official way who was absent. This rule will simply certify the list of absentees to him only, however, upon occasions when absentees caused a quorum. It is believed that if the salary of members were deducted when they refused to vote, the practice of abstaining from voting upon important roll calls would be speedily discontinued, and it is very probable that the method of stopping this abuse devised by Mr. Crutchfield will very shortly be adopted as one of the permanent rules of the house.

There is little probability of national change in the immigration laws at the present session of congress, owing to the policy of the house committees on immigration toward resisting changes in order that the present system may be fully tested. Mr. Glossbrenner, of New Jersey, chairman of the house committee, said, on this subject: "The present immigration laws should be given a full and fair trial before we begin patching them. They are working most satisfactorily and are accomplishing the desirable end of keeping out undesirable immigrants and increasing the number of desirable immigrants. This was exactly the end we sought to attain by an immigration law, and it is, desirable to let well enough alone."

The secretary of the treasury has sent to congress a letter from the secretary of state urging the necessity of providing the full amount of his estimates for the contingent expenses of foreign missions. For the fiscal year 1895, Secretary Gresham asked for $105,000, an increase of $15,000 for the current year. There are thirty-six missions among which $74,140 is divided for expenses and $20,000 for stationary. Considering that all clerical assistance, messenger service and office rent, except for the legations of China, Japan and Spain come from this fund, the secretary considers the allowance very meagre. He recommends a contingent fund from which unforeseen expenses may be met, referring to the item of $1,000 for the Brazilian legation, then on account of the difficulties in Brazil resolved $4,154.45 recently.

Judge Bradley, of the district supreme court today refused to grant the petition of Arrell L. Hiker, of Chicago, for a mandamus to compel Secretary Carlisle to issue to him a pro rata share of $50,000,000 bonds issue on the basis of the proposal submitted by him.

MURDER AND ROBBERY.

Arrested for the Murder of Paymaster Muldaur, in Virginia.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb 15.—John Yutzy was arrested here last night charged with the murder and robbery of P. E. Muldaur, superintendent and paymaster of the Franklin coal mines, at Piedmont, W. Va., on the morning of December 16, last. Muldaur was attacked while on his way to pay the miners their wages and was robbed of several thousand dollars. He was found on the road with his skull crushed, and never recovered consciousness. Yutzy denies all knowledge of the crime.

BIG FIRE AT COLUMBUS.

One of the Big Stores at Ohio's Capital is Burned.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 15.—Jones Wilter & Co.'s dry goods and notion store, 74 to 82 East Spring street, was destroyed by fire at 4 o'clock this morning. The loss is over $200,000 on stock, but is well insured. The loss on buildings is $50,000. All of the insurance on the goods is in Columbus agencies. The cause of the fire is unknown.

T. Ewing Miller owns the building. W. H. Jones, of the firm, is in Florida. S. B. Wilter in New York, J. R. McClaw and A. B Adair here, and S. C. Robinson on the road. Adair and McClaw know nothing of the fire till they came down town on business. The building was four stories, with a basement, and stood alone, the lot on each side being vacant. The firm will resume.

IN SORE STRAITS.

Fifty Inhabitants of a Little Island Nearly Starve.

A Party of Brave Sailors Risk Their Lives in the Attempt to Carry Provisions to Them.

DUBLIN, Feb. 15.—Advices received here from the north of Ireland announce that a life boat, after a perilous voyage, has succeeded in reaching the island of Innistrahull, nine miles to the north of Malin Head, at the extreme north of Ireland, whose fifty inhabitants have been unable, for weeks past, to communicate with the mainland and who were believed to have been in danger of dying from starvation. The life boat on its way to Innistrahull, was buffeted by enormous seas, which filled the boat and necessitated bailing the oarsmen to their seats. The life boat's crew found the people of Innistrahull in sore straits; they had been compelled to use the furniture and woodwork of their houses for fuel. So far as provisions were concerned, there was only a handful of potatoes left on the island. Happily, the inhabitants with one exception, had managed to sustain life until the arrival of the life boat, which brought a small supply of food for the suffering people. As it was one man died of starvation and a number of others were found to be suffering severely from lack of food. The crew of the life boat did their utmost to relieve the sufferings of the unfortunate inhabitants of Innistrahull, but all the provisions they had with them and succeeded in returning safely to the mainland. An additional supply of food will be sent to Innistrahull immediately.

HELD UP THE TRAIN.

A Daring Attempt on a Pennsylvania Train at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Two colored highwaymen attempted to hold up the passengers on the Fort Wayne east-bound midnight train at the Sixteenth street bridge, where the engineer was ordered to run slowly. A passengeren route to Valparaiso, Ind., was struck a violent blow on the head by one of the men while the other began to go through his pockets. A dozen passengers witnessed the assault and went to the assistance of the Valparaiso man. The two colored desperadoes flourished revolvers and fired several shots. The passengers drew their revolvers and fired at the two highwaymen. One of them was wounded. As soon as the passengers used their revolvers the two negroes sprang off the train and escaped.

IMPORTANT SUIT.

A Test Case Against the Apportionment Act.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 15.—Judge Brown, of the Marion circuit court, has set Monday, March 12, for the hearing of arguments in this city, to test the apportionment act passed by the last legislature, brought by A. W. Wishard of this city. Miller, Winter and Elam, of this city, and Judge Parker, of New Castle, represent the plaintiff, and Duncan, Smith and State Attorney General Smith for the state.

REFUNDED ITS BONDS.

Indianapolis Places $1,025,000 at Four Per Cent.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 15.—Indianapolis today refunded its bonded indebtedness of $1,000,000. Thirty year 4 per cent. bonds were sold for $10,000 premium. There were four bidders of which the Indiana Trust Co. was the successful one. The city has been paying seven and three-fifths per cent.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Wheat, steady, cash, 55c; May, 58½c; July, 60@60½c.
Corn, lower, cash, 35c; May, 36½c; July, 37½c.
Oats, easy; cash, 28c; May, 29½c; July, 27½c.
Pork, easy, May, $12.07½.
Lard, easy, Feb., $7.71; May, $7.10.
Ribs, easy, Feb., $6.12½; May, $6.25.
Rye, nominal, 43½.

Union Stock Yards Market.

UNION STOCK YARDS, Feb. 15.—The evening Journal reports: Cattle, receipts 17,000; everything except a few prime steers at trifle weaker; steers, $5.00@5.10; others, $4.80@4.90; medium, $3.75@4.90.
Hogs, receipts, 11,000; active; 15 to 20c lower; packers, $4.80@5.05; prime heavy, $5.05@5.15; prime light, $5.00@5.10.
Sheep and lambs, receipts, 18,000; a trifle slow but steady; top sheep, $3.60@3.75; top lambs, $4.00@4.05.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Feb. 15.—Wheat, quiet and lower; No. 2 cash and Feb., 56½c; May, 59½c; July, 61½c.
Corn, steady; No. 2 cash, 35c.
Oats, steady; cash, 29c.
Rye dull; cash, 50c.
Clover-seed, firm; prime cash, Feb. and March, $5.70; April, $5.55 asked.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Wheat—No. 2 red, weaker under foreign news and good selling foreign account; local traders liquidating. May, 64½@64¾c; July, 66½@66 11-16c; Dec. 71@71½c.
Rye, dull.
Corn, No. 2, weaker in sympathy with wheat; March, 43½c; May, 45 1-16@45¾c; July, 46¾c.
Oats, No. 2, dull and easier. May, 31@31½c; track white state, 30@32c; track white western, 36@42c.
Beef, steady; family, $12@14; extra mess, $9.50.
Pork, steady; new mess, $13.75@14; family, $14.00; short clear, $14.50@16.50.
Lard, steady; prime western steam, $7.80, nominal.

Rubberoid Rubberoid Lots of Rubbers at Thing & Co.'s, 36 Calhoun St.

AFFAIRS AT RIO.

Insurgent Troops Advancing Upon the City by Land.

Peixoto Sends an Army Out to Meet and Give Battle to the Enemy.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 15.—Senhor Gaivao, minister of war, has resigned, owing to disagreements with President Peixoto regarding the treatment of political prisoners. Colonel Macedo, commander of the fort of Santa Cruz, has been arrested upon suspicion of being a spy of Admiral De Mello.

The rebels appear to be making headway in Parna, which state is said to be in the hands of the insurgents. Sao Paulo, capital of the state of that name upon which city the rebels were recently reported to be marching, after having made a landing to the south at Santos, is said to be disposed to join issue with the insurgent forces.

Sao Paulo has hitherto been considered to be loyal, but there seems no doubt that the city is disaffected. The government, fearing for the safety of Sao Paulo and also for the safety of the important port of Santos, which, together with Rio de Janeiro, would be threatened if the rebels are successful in obtaining possession of Sao Paulo, has replaced the regiments in Garrison at Sao Paulo and at Santos with troops from this city and other places, selecting regiments whose loyalty the government feels certain of. It is added that had this step been delayed for any length of time after the landing of the rebels below Santos, the former garrisons of Sao Paulo and Santos would undoubtedly have gone over to the enemy.

Reports from Sao Paulo received here say that the southern force, which landed with the intention of marching upon Sao Paulo, has suddenly been instructed to march direct upon Rio de Janeiro with the intention of taking President Peixoto in the rear. The government has sent troops to meet the rebel army and a battle is said to be imminent on the frontiers of Parana and Sao Paulo.

In addition despatches received here say the state of Alagoas has revolted and declared itself in favor of the insurgent cause. The exact whereabouts of Admiral de Mello continue to be somewhat of a mystery. The general opinion is that he is cruising off the port of Santos and co-operating in some manner, with the southern force which recently landed near Santos. Admiral de Mello, it is added, has so far recovered his health as to be able to exercise some active command of the Republican fleet and to be taking active steps to attack Santos. So far as the coming election is concerned there is little or nothing to be said except that the conservative or government candidate is said here to be the favorite. The government candidate, Senhor Prudenti Moraes, is said to be actively at work and to be gaining supporters every day.

EX-CZAR M'KANE.

The Jury Returns a Verdict of Guilty Against Him.

Only Executive Clemency Stands Between Him and a Long Term in the Penitentiary.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The jury in the McKane trial filed into the court room this morning and five minutes later the prisoner appeared in charge of a deputy sheriff. He was surrounded by his counsel and his faithful friends from Gravesend. Mr. Sheppard and the counsel for the prosecution sat around their tables. Clerk Byrne asked the foreman of the jury if they had agreed upon a verdict.

"We have," was the answer.

"What is it?"

"Guilty!"

The prisoner sat unmoved, but his friends were very much affected. The verdict may mean an imprisonment in the state prison for two years or ten, at the discretion of the court.

McKane is now in the Raymond street jail awaiting the sentence, which is to be pronounced upon him on Monday morning at 9 o'clock. Only the clemency to which the jury so earnestly recommended him stands between the ex-czar of Gravesend and a term of incarnation in prison. In view of this the prisoner may receive something less than the full limit of the law. An appeal to the general term and to the court of appeals stand in the way of the execution of the sentence, whatever it may be. But the lawyers who have heard the trial feel confident that these appeals mean merely delay and not reversal.

STILL AT LARGE.

Calvin Armstrong Has Not Been Captured, as Reported.

KOKOMO, Ind., Feb. 15.—The report that Cal Armstrong, the convicted deputy treasurer, who escaped from jail recently, had been recaptured, is without foundation. All the clues up to 10 o'clock this morning have proven to be false ones.

VERMILLION CASE SETTLED.

Verdict in Favor of Plaintiff for $35,000.

ANDERSON, Ind., Feb. 15.—After three weeks' examination of witnesses and argument, the Vermillion estate case was brought to a close, the jury giving a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs for $35,000. No appeal will be made.

Davitt's Attack.

DUBLIN, Feb. 15.—At the fortnightly meeting of the Irish federation last night, Mr. Michael Davitt said he hoped that the liberals would go in for the extinction of the monstrous anomaly of the house of lleareborn law makers, whom he subsequently stigmatized as a clon of land thieves and rapacious legislative brigands.

JUDGES DISAGREE.

Contradictory Opinions Regarding the Power of Receivers.

Judge Dundy Says They Can Reduce Wages and Judge Hallett Says They Cannot.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 15.—Attorneys Thurston and Corwin, who came here to endeavor to secure an order harmonizing the contradictory opinions of Judge Dundy, of Omaha, and Judge Hallett, of Denver, have met with a surprise at the hands of Circuit Judge Caldwell. In an informal talk with Judge Caldwell, to secure a date for a hearing, Mr. Thurston gave a resume of the existing state of affairs, stating what the courts as well as the receivers had done, directing himself more especially to the annulling by the receivers of the wage schedule and their order placing a new and reduced one in effect March 1st, together with the order of Judge Dundy recognizing the propriety of such action and the action by Judge Hallett, in effect, contrary to that order. General Thurston said that the failure of Judge Hallett to make any order on the subject was held as a refusal to endorse the idea that the receivers have the power to adopt new schedules, and it was this apparent clash of judicial opinion that was creating discontent along the line and making the situation almost threatening. After some desultory talk, Judge Caldwell said to General Thurston that the receivers had taken advantage of the men behind their backs.

"Go back to Omaha and revoke that order," the judge said. "Then I will take your case. Prepare and advertise your schedule and give the men notice, and I think that sixty days might not be unreasonable. I will come to Omaha and hold the conference with your receivers and the representatives of the labor societies and we will see if we cannot agree upon a schedule that will be just to the employes, and will be such as the receivers can afford to pay." Mr. Thurston called the attention of Judge Caldwell to the contradictory orders issued by Judges Dundy and Hallett as to the traffic contract between the Union Pacific and the Gulf branch of that system. Judge Dundy had directed the receivers to disregard the contract, and Judge Hallett said that it must be respected. This contract obligated the Union Pacific to "put up" for the bonded indebtedness of the Gulf branch to nearly a million of dollars a year, and the receivers thought prudent business management required that they be relieved of that drain. As matters now stood the receivers stood a certainty of being in contempt in one jurisdiction or the other. Judge Caldwell said that he would consult with Judge Sanborn as to whether they had jurisdiction and reply later.

LOCAL LINES.

S. C. Hursch, of No. 35 Walnut street, is seriously ill.

The C. O. D. store is selling out large quantities of goods on account of going out of business.

George Moss, of Auburn, was in the city today on business. He is a brother-in-law of Officer George McCrory.

The services still continue at the Central Christian church, on Harrison street, by Rev. A. C. Bartlett. This evening the meeting will be at 7:30 p. m.; song service at 7 p. m.

G. I. ½ Reyhouser is suffering from a very badly injured hand. He slipped in the snow at his home on Monday and cut his hand severely against a tin can which he was carrying.

At the meeting of Summit City lodge, No. 36, A. O. U. W., this evening arrangements will be made for attending the funeral of the late Harry S. Beaston, who was an esteemed member of the lodge.

Small pox has been raging sorerely at Chicago all winter, but until recently the fearful malady has been confined to the limits of that city. Two weeks ago a tramp arrested at South Bend was discovered to be suffering with the disease, and now comes the news of two cases at Crown Point, Ind. The victims are a mother and a daughter. Small pox has also reappeared at Municie, where it raged so disastrously last summer. The state board of health is investigating the cases.

The Ligonier Banner says: "Talking about old men and aged people, we met James Tumblesom, formerly of this county, but now a resident of Illinois, on our streets one day last week. He is past ninety-six years of age and seems as hale and hearty as he was thirty years ago, when the writer first met him. Tumblesom travels around over the country making real estate deals and looking after business interests as spry as any one and he can strike as close a bargain as ever. He left for Fort Wayne on Saturday, where he will look after some land matters before returning to Illinois. Upon leaving he said he would be back again next year and that he might come back to live here in a few years."

Vice Drowned.

BUCKIE, Scotland, Feb. 15 A salmon cobble (fishing boat) was capsized off Burghead in a heavy sea and five fishermen were drowned.

TWENTY-SIXTH MEETING.

The National Woman's Suffrage Association's Convention.

Only Fifteen States Represented—Susan B. Anthony Presides—Rev. Shaw Participates.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The National American Woman's Suffrage association began it twenty-sixth annual convention here this morning, in Metzerott Music hall, which had been tastefully decorated for the occasion. In the rear of the stage were hung United, Turkish, British and National Woman's Suffrage flags. The latter has two stars in the blue field, representing Colorado and Wyoming, which have granted suffrage to women, and outlines of two other states, intended to represent New York and Kansas, where the suffragists hope to accomplish much. The severe weather of the past few days has interfered somewhat with the arrival of the delegates, and as a consequence when the roll was called it showed that only fifteen states were represented, which Miss Anthony said she considered very good for the first day, as many of the delegates were snow bound.

The convention was then called to order by the venerable president, Miss Susan B. Anthony, who asked the Rev. Anna Shaw to offer prayer, after which Miss Anthony, in a brief speech formally opened the proceedings of the twenty-sixth annual convention. She recounted the efforts that have been made before the national and local legislatures for the procurement of suffrage for women, and predicted that when victory for women's cause shall have been finally accomplished, and women are enfranchised, people will wonder that it had not been granted long ago. The report of the executive committee recommended that the special effort of the association be concentrated on the campaign in Kansas and New York, the two states where there is to be a test vote this year. Mrs. Lillie D. Blake, the member of the executive committee from New York, spoke of the work there and predicted success for woman suffrage in the coming constitutional convention in New York. Mrs. Laura M. Johns, of Kansas, said that the work for the enfranchisement of women had progressed further in Kansas than in New York.

STRUCK AN ICEBERG.

Sad Fate of the Hornhead, a British Vessel.

Missing Since Last September, She is Finally Heard From Through the Medium of a Bottle.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—A small bottle has been picked up on the beach of Gighe, one of the Hebrides islands, containing a piece of paper on which, written with a pencil, was the following:

"September 18, '93.

"Sinking in mid-Atlantic. Hornhead. Collision, iceberg."

[Signed] MATE.

The steamship Hornhead was a British vessel of 2,368 tons, owned by the Ulster steamship company, limited, of Belfast. She was commanded by Captain Scott. She sailed from Baltimore on August 19 and Hampton Roads on August 20 for Dublin and until today nothing was afterwards heard of them.

SEIZED BY UNCLE SAM.

The Schooner Alexander Violates the Law Regulating Seal Hunting.

PORT TOWNSEND, WASH., Feb. 15.—The schooner Alexander of San Francisco was condemned and forfeited to the government in the district court, Sitka, Alaska, February 6, on a charge of hunting and killing seal otter in Alaska water between the islands and overbanks, or sounding, more than three miles from the shore. The decision is very important to Alaska fur interests for the reason that it involves a question of whether the United States can exercise jurisdiction more than three miles from shore to protect fur bearing animals. The Alexander was owned by the Pacific Trading company, and was seized last July by the revenue cutter Bush near the Shumagin group. An appeal will be taken to the supreme court.

SHOULD BE BEHEADED OFF.

An Anarchist Escapes Jail and is En Route to America.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—Wilhelm Werner, leader of the Berlin anarchists, after being sentenced to six month's imprisonment, has succeeded in escaping to Holland and is said to have the intention of proceeding to the United States. It is asserted here that the flight of Werner completes the breaking up of the anarchist organization in Germany.

GODDARD WHIPPED.

Long Beliefs Him in Twelve Hard Fought Rounds.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—Advices from Melbourne, Australia, says that on January 1, a vicious fight between Joe Goddard and Harry Laing took place in the Melbourne athletic club. Laing was declared the victor in the twelfth round. Goddard was not in good condition.

Town Site Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Oklahoma town site bill passed Yeas, 25; nays, 27. Vice President Stevenson voted yea.

Master of Duty.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 15.—Secretary of State Jochiam, Treasurer Hambitzer and Land Commissioner Berry appeared before Governor Rich in the executive office this afternoon to show cause why they should not be removed for neglect of duty as members of the state canvassing board.

ARRESTED AGAIN.

W. P. Bidwell Indicted by the Grand Jury

For the Criminal Libel of Father Borg.

He is Arrested By the Sheriff and Gives Bail.

Other Cases Pending Against Him—Five Prisoners Arraigned in Court and Their Cases Set For Trial.

As guessed by THE SENTINEL in its court column yesterday, the grand jury, at its recent sitting, returned an indictment for criminal libel against Wm. P. Bidwell, the editor of the American Eagle, the A. P. A. paper, for his publication in that paper of an article concerning the St. Vincent orphan asylum of this city.

This fact was made known at noon today when Deputy Sheriff Meichling arrested Bidwell upon the indictment of the grand jury which accused him of a criminal libel upon Father Borg, the chaplain in charge of the institution above named.

The defendant was expecting the arrest and was prepared with a bond, which he gave for $500, with Ambrose W. Kintz, a contractor of Bloomingdale, as security, and he was then released from custody.

The case will come up for preliminary hearing or action of some kind at 9 o'clock next Monday morning, before Judge O'Rourke, in the circuit court, as the bond given by Mr. Kintz only extends to that time.

This last case makes two charges for criminal libel that Mr. Bidwell must face, as there is now pending against him for the criminal libel of Sister Eulexia, of the Orphan asylum, which was certified up to the circuit court a few weeks ago from the docket of Justice Ryan. There is also a case against Bidwell for libeling Bishop Rademacher, which had been appealed from the circuit court to the supreme court of the state.

Prisoners Arraigned.

The prisoners indicted at the recent sitting of the grand jury were arraigned before Judge O'Rourke in the circuit court this morning and pleaded to the charges brought against them and had their cases set for trial.

Martin Howley, who was indicted for murder in the first degree, pleaded "Not guilty" and his case was set down for trial on the 19th of March. James M. Robinson is his attorney.

George Walford, who was indicted on the charge of blackmail, for sending threatening letter to a prominent farmer in order to extort money, pleaded not guilty and had his case set for February 28. J. R. Bittinger is his attorney.

The other prisoners pleaded not guilty and had their cases set as follows:

Lawson Lupton, petit larceny, not guilty, set for trial February 27.

E. O. Cook, obtaining money under false pretenses, not guilty, set for trial February 27.

Gal Brown, burglary, not guilty, set for trial February 27.

Other Cases.

The case of John W. Hayden against the Taylor university has been settled and dismissed as has also the case of Frank E. Gill against the Pennsylvania railroad.

The case against Dell Wilson, accused of stealing wire, will come up for trial on the 19th inst.

The Argo case in the superior court has been settled and withdrawn from the docket.

The United States court is in session at the government building. The case against Bert Foote, for sending threatening letters through the mails, was called, but continued on account of the absence of witnesses.

Not Indicted.

Prosecuting Attorney Colerick was seen this morning and he stated that no indictment had been found against John Connelly by the grand jury.

Bound Over.

John Devlin was bound over in the sum of $300 for burglary. It is alleged that he pilfered from the cash drawer at the saloon of H. A. Wiehlce.

Fred H. Fraley was arrested on a warrant sworn out by his wife charging him with assault. When brought into court he was too drunk to be tried and was sent to jail.

The Awful.

A large shipment of Cerealine Flakes have arrived, to be made into muffins at the Christian church social, on Jefferson street, tomorrow evening from 6 to 9:30.

Several gas stoves are in readiness and great preparations are being made to serve promptly the large crowd that will be in attendance.

The "muffin man" will be there and show you how to make Cerealine muffins.

The young ladies, in quaint costumes, will wait on you.

Coffee, Muffins and Cakes—all you can eat for 15c.

IN A SNOW DRIFT.

Thrilling Experience of Two Fort Wayne Ladies.

Thrown Out of a Sleigh and One of Them Badly Injured—Other Sleighing Accidents.

Yesterday Mrs. Amos Sine, of Dawson street, received a telegram from Andrews, Ind., announcing the death from consumption of Nelson McClure, an old friend, and who was also well known in this city. The deceased was an uncle of Mrs. Logan, of this city, and also a cousin of James Hatfield, living in this county, four miles out on the Goshen road. It so happened that yesterday Mrs. Logan was out in the country visiting Mr. Hatfield's family and it fell upon Mrs. Sine to go out to notify the two relatives. Procuring a sleigh, Mrs. Sine, in company with her friend, Mrs. Owen Thompson, of West Williams street, started out to the Hatfield home. The snow was fearfully drifted and the roads were almost impassible, but the plucky ladies drove on through the drifts. When within about half a mile of their destination and about to go through a lane off from the regular road they got stuck in a huge drift. The horse floundered and struggled and in attempting to turn the sleigh the vehicle was upset and both ladies pitched out.

Mrs Sine was unhurt but Mrs. Thompson sustained a serious dislocation of the right shoulder. After much trouble and wading drifts five and six feet deep Mrs. Sine managed to turn the horse around. She next, after two or three efforts, succeeded in pulling Mrs. Thompson arm into place. Seeing that further progress was impossible the ladies drove back to the city after having had a dangerous and decidedly rough trip.

Another Upset.

M. S. Robison, manager of the electric railway company, and Frank E. Cole, the sewer contractor, and a stranger were in a runaway accident yesterday afternoon. Their horse ran away on Clinton street and tipped them over in a big snow bank, opposite the Newspaper Union office. Mr. Cole, who was driving, clung to the reins and stopped the horse. None of the men were hurt.

Terrible Experience.

Last night J. V. Reul and Calvin Burnham, of the Indiana Furniture company, were out sleigh riding, when the horse they were driving took fright and ran away. The two frantic stricken? occupants of the sleigh would undoubtedly have jumped out or inwhiled out had they not been afraid of injuring themselves by so doing, but as it was they had no other alternative but to remain in and tremble with fright as the horse dashed at a mad speed along the street. Finally, in turning a corner, the sleigh ran into a snow bank and tipped over, throwing out both occupants Mr. Burnham was thrown into some five feet of snow and when he emerged he saw Mr. Reul about twenty feet away in another snow bank, but clinging to the lines, and the horse at a standstill. The sleigh was considerably smashed up, but both of the men who figured in the accident live to tell the story of their terrible night sleigh ride. Neither Mr. Burnham or Mr. Reul were injured and are on duty as usual today at their store.

VERY BAD BOYS.

Several West Side Lads Appear in Police Court.

Joe Graber Fined for Malicious Trespass—Shocking Actions of Young Bandits.

Last evening about 9 o'clock a crowd of small boys attempted to raise a disturbance at the Westminster seminary. It seems that for some time Mrs. B. B. Wells and Miss Sharp, the principals of the school, have been greatly annoyed by small boys who sneak about the building and attempt to frighten and annoy the young ladies. Last night the boys became bolder than usual and three of them, led by Joe Graber, a boy living on West Jefferson street, rushed into the dining room. The boys were very insolent and profane and refused to leave until Walter Wells, son of Mrs. D. B. Wells, ran after them and caught young Graber. The lad was held until the patrol wagon was called and the boy taken to the station house. Later he was bailed out by his father. This morning at police court, young Graber was on hand and with him were five other boys named, respectively, Paul, Alderman, Wolman, O'Neil and Manock. Mrs. Wells, Miss Sharp, Walter Wells and two young lady pupils were also on hand to testify against the boy. Seeing that the case was sure to go against his son, Mr. Graber, who was present advised the lad to plead guilty and he was fined $5 and costs, which his father paid. Walter Wells stated that the boys belonged to a gang of young novel readers, who are a terror to the west end of the city and who are constantly annoying property owners. A few days ago, as it is said, some of the boys caught little Carl Dellher, tied him to a post and after piling straw about his feet were about to set fire to it when they were scared off.

A Sunday Dress.

John Finley was an old, surley drunk who was last night arrested by Officer Pallett. He was fined 15 and costs.

A Big Blaze.

The Town of Van Wert Suffers a Serious Loss From Fire.

Last night at 12:30 o'clock fire was discovered in the flouring mills of Meyers & McKenzie, at Van Wert, Ohio, and before the department could reach the scene the immense structure was enveloped in flames. The building and all its contents, with the exception of the boiler and engine, which were protected by brick fire walls, were totally destroyed, entailing a loss of $18,000. The insurance upon the property will aggregate about $10,000. The fire is thought to have been of incendiary origin.

TO HIS REWARD.

After Months of Suffering Harry Beaston is Called to Rest.

He Was Formerly Cared For By Members of Lodge No. 36 A. O. U. W.—Funeral Sunday.

At his home, No. 774 Hoagland avenue, this morning at 12:30 o'clock occurred the death from dropsy and heart trouble of Harry S. Beaston. For many months he has been ill, but owing to the careful attention of members of Summit City lodge, No. 36, A. O. U. W. his last days were made as comfortable as possible. The lodge furnished a nurse during the day and almost every night some member of the lodge sat up with their sick brother. The age of the deceased was forty-five years, six months and nine days, and he was born in Gloucester City, N. J. Coming to Fort Wayne, he entered the employ of Milo H. Brooks as a lather and after several years engaged with the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, working for seven years as fireman and engineer. His next employment was as clerk for E. W. Skelton, and when the latter sold to Markey & Mangoran, January 1, 1893, Mr. Beaston remained with the firm and continued with them until compelled by sickness to quit work. His last illness began January 5, 1893, and compelled him to keep to his bed almost all the time.

The deceased was married on January the 11th, 1874, to Miss Amy Woy, of Fort Wayne, and their home life was a happy one. To them were born six children, three of whom, Willard, Herbert and Blanche, with the wife, are left to mourn the loss of a true companion, as well as an indulgent parent and husband.

Early in 1891, he became a member of Summit City lodge, No. 36, A. O. U. W., and while in health he was an earnest worker, attending regularly the meetings and took great interest in the proceedings. He was also a member of Degree of Honor No. 2. In his last illness, the order was untiring in its care for the brother of whom they were justly proud. He was a member of the Third Presbyterian church, and was a consistent and sincere Christian.

While arrangements for the funeral have not been entirely completed, it will in all probability be held from the Third Presbyterian church, Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, Rev. J. M. Bogle officiating the discourse. The services will be under the auspices of Summit City lodge, and other A. O. U. W. lodges of the city will be invited to participate.

The funeral of Harry Beaston will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the Third Presbyterian church.

POWER OF THE PRESS.

The Design at the Masonic Temple Tomorrow Night.

"The Power of the Press," a splendid drama of the highly sensational order, comes to the Temple tomorrow night. The piece, as its name suggests, graphically illustrates the influences of the metropolitan press when enlisted in the cause of justice. A ship-yard in full operation is one of the most realistic of the many scenes presented. Other scenes which are conspicuous and have been warmly praised for their accuracy and beauty are those of a ship at anchor in the New York harbor, the Manhattan athletic club rooms and the school in South street, for stage pictures and realization, "The Power of the Press" has few if any equals. The company is under the direction of Mr. Augustus Pitou.

INCENDIARY FIRES.

The Torch Applied to Coal Mining Property.

MORNINGSTOWN, Ky., Feb. 15.—All the houses at mines No. 2, Mingo mines, were burned last night, the work of an incendiary, supposed to be from striking miners. Loss, $3,000; partly covered by insurance.

Tribune Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—Carol Thieman, who was attacked by lions in Boondo's menagerie, died last night.

Attention, Members of D. of H., No. 2.

All members of Summit City lodge, Degree of Honor, No. 2, A. O. U. W., are requested to meet at their hall tomorrow evening to arrange for attending the funeral of our late brother, H. S Beaston.

MRS. J. P. MERRILAT, C. of H.
MRS. A. W. MESSICK, Recorder.

Will Visit Bismarck.

BERLIN, Feb 15.—It is stated that the Emperor William will visit Prince Bismarck on Monday or Tuesday next.

CURSORY CLIPPINGS.

Edison is to connect a telephone with the sun which will bring the music of its motion to our ears.

A process by which all kinds of wood can be rendered incombustible has been invented by Nicholas T. Nelson, a Chicago chemist.

Jewelry looted by Mrs. J. K. Henry of Greenville, Ala., during the war was unearthed a few days ago and found to be in good condition.

ROOT & COMPANY.

FACTS VS. FICTION.

TRUTH!

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!

Pre-Eminent, Unequalled in Dress Goods!

Who in this state imports as many Dress Goods as we? Whose judgment on Dress Goods will you trust more implicitly than ours—bought by men thoroughly experienced in their manufacture?

And whose prices are the lowest here?

We invite you to come where the greatest and choicest of all bargains in new dress fabrics are for sale this week.

ONE GREAT BARGAIN.

40 inch all wool novelty suitings in all new spring shades, stripes, plaids, checks and corded

AT 38c a yard.

YOUR FIRST CHOICE

Among the black ground sateens is here—get at these early—lovely small and delicate figures.

FOO CHOW PONGEES.

Another nice new line—finest—more beautiful printings than has been put out before in cotton fabrics

AT 12 1-2c a yard.

IN ALL WOOL AT 48c PER YARD.

Some new beautiful novelties in Shepherd checks and fine motled novelties—this is the prettiest, neatest line of novelties on exhibition for the coming spring

AT 48c a yard.

New lines of Percales, Cambrics, Ginghams, White Goods.

Choice early selections.

ROOT & COMPANY.

WABASH BEST ROUTE —TO— San Francisco.

California Reached Easily.

Via the weekly through car which will run over the Nickel Plate road after March 1st.

31-3-7-10-14-17-21-21-28-1m5t

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 35 and 36, Bank Block. 2tf

Remember the patrons of the Nickel Plate road can take a through car for California after March 1st, weekly

31-3-7-10-14-17-21-21-28-1m5t

WABASH BEST ROUTE —TO— San Francisco.

The best Flour on earth. Call for White Loaf and Silver Wedding. 12-tf

20 Per Cent. Off On Hats and Caps.

20 Per Cent. Off on Winter Underwear.

CONFIRMATION SUITS.

Our production of styles and qualities for the coming season will readily eclipse the former successful efforts we have made in supplying you with the VERY BEST for the LEAST MONEY.

In Touch With the Times And Thoroughly Up to Date,

Are the results of our efforts on confirmation suits for this season. We have not tried to see how cheap we could get up our suits and pay no attention to style, color or wear, but on the contrary, we have put forth all our resources with a determination to give you the best of everything in

Quality, Style and Make,

At a lower price than similar goods were ever sold you before.

OUR SUITS ARE HERE

And ready for your inspection. See the grand values we are giving in Confirmation Suits at

$8, $9.75, $10, $11 and $12.

SAM, PETE & MAX.

20 Per Cent. Off on All Overcoats.

Attend Our GREAT PANT SALE.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY FEB 14 1894.

Persons Desiring THE DAILY SENTINEL served at their homes can secure it by postal card, request, or order through telephone 173. Where delivery is irregular or is late, please make immediate complaint to the office.

Telephone 650.

To make it more convenient for those desiring to send items of news to THE SENTINEL we have placed an extra telephone in the editorial rooms. The number is 650. Anything in the news line will be gladly received over this new wire.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Feb 14.—Forecast till 8 p.m. Thursday. For Indiana—Snow today and tonight, colder tonight and probably followed Thursday by fair. Colder tonight and probably colder Thursday; northwesterly winds.

NEWS NOTES.

Dr. John Sexton is on the sick list.

Mrs. Ed Challenger is recovering from a severe illness.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Centlivre, a girl baby.

The United States flag was raised over the city hall yesterday.

The street car company now has all its lines in regular running order.

Bible services will be held this evening at the Grace Reformed church.

The heavy snow storm furnished considerable work for the unemployed.

M. E. Argo, of Monroeville, registered at the Wayne hotel last night.

There are about thirty-five prisoners confined in the county jail at present.

J. Horn, of Valparaiso, Ind., who has been visiting J. A. Ryan and wife, has returned home.

Col. R. S. Robertson attended the meeting of the Loyal legion at Indianapolis Monday.

The people of South Wayne had their sidewalks cleaned with a scraper by yesterday noon.

There will be the usual Lenten services at the various Catholic churches this evening.

Mr. Jno Bloom has purchased the business of the firm of Reiler & Bloom and will continue at the old stand.

Henry Mugly, an insane patient at the county jail, is very violent and causes the sheriff great annoyance.

The Concordia Building and Loan association will hold its annual meeting at the Custer house, this evening.

Word received from Mr. W. H. Wilroot, now at Chattanooga, Tenn., is to the effect that his health is rapidly improving.

Miss Leona Charter, of Valparaiso, Ind., has returned home after a pleasant visit of several weeks with relatives in this city.

Mrs. Stutzenberger, of East DeWald street, whose husband died some days ago, has gone to Illinois to be near her son, Michael.

Christ's Lutheran church, prayer meeting at the parsonage this evening, No. 63 West Jefferson street. J. S. Nelson, pastor.

F. E. Purcell, manager of "The Market," returned this morning from a business trip over the Lake Erie and Western railroad.

The National Union will meet tonight in their new hall in the Odd Fellows block at the corner of Calhoun and Wayne streets.

Degree of Honor No. 2, A. O. U. W., held an interesting meeting last evening. There was a large attendance and one candidate was initiated.

Mrs. A. H. Pollhamus, of 75 Dawson street, will give a tea tomorrow evening for the ladies' auxiliary of the R. R. Y. M. C. A. Everybody invited.

S. S. Coleman, who has been employed by the ladies of the Relief union, is quite ill with pneumonia and will scarcely be able to be out for a week or so.

Mayor Scherer this morning instructed Marshal Franke to come to be arrested all persons in the business part of the city who do not remove the snow from their sidewalks.

Services this evening at the Central Christian church, Harrison street, at 7:30 p. m., by the pastor, Rev. A. O. Bartlett. Song service commences at 7 p. m., by Mr. Farnsworth.

Esther, the fourteen year-old daughter of Frank H. McKinnie, of Pittsburg, died yesterday afternoon of diphtheria. The funeral was held privately at Pittsburg this morning. Mr. McKinnie is a brother of Will McKinnie, of the Wayne hotel.

At a meeting of the Loyal Legion in Indianapolis Capt. A. H. Dougal, chairman of a committee to draft resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Colonel Zollinger, read a memorial. It was ordered printed and copies sent to the family in this city.

The sudden striking down with paralysis of Perry Hull, a well known spiritualist, at Anderson is causing quite a sensation. He was speaking at the spiritualist temple in that city and had entered upon a fearful tirade of the Bible and Christianity when the stroke came and he fell to the floor as if dead. The service was dismissed and Mr. Hull taken to a house near by. The physicians at Anderson say he cannot recover.

Strawberries and Pine Apples.

Nice Ripe Strawberries, 30c qt.

Large Ripe Pineapples, 20c each.

Extra large Florida Oranges, 25c doz.

And all kinds of Southern Vegetables. Fruit House.

White Loaf Flour, sure.

Flour—No Advance With Us.

City Mills, Globe Mills and Ord's, best quality flour, either in barrels or sacks $2.75 bbl

Best Buckwheat Flour, 25c sack.

Self Rising Buckwheat 25c sack.

Best New Maple Syrup, 80c gallon. Fruit House.

GOSSIP IN SOCIETY.

Interesting Notes Concerning Fort Wayneites and Guests.

Some Private Entertainments Given at Church Socials—Personals and Some Events to Occur.

Mrs. James Christie, of Walnut street, is quite ill.

J. Wallace Caswell of Columbia City, was in the city today.

Mrs. A. Mergentheim left last evening for New York city.

Lee Nickle, of Murray Grange, is spending this week in the city.

Mrs. C. E. Hargreave will this week be the guest of Mrs. Addie Lehmer.

The Lucitis club will meet tomorrow evening at Mrs. J. H. Holbrook's home, 604 Fairfield avenue.

Mrs. Mary Newman, who has been sick with the grip, for the past week, is able to be around in the room again.

The "Anonymous" club will be entertained this evening by Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Guild at their East Berry street home.

Mrs. Samuel Hannaford, of Cincinnati, Ohio, is a guest at the home of the Hon. W. M. Coombs, on West Washington street.

There will be a Coraline Muffin social in the basement of the Christian church, corner Griffith and Jefferson streets, Friday evening.

Mr. Amos Kieley and sister, Miss Edie, will entertain the members of the '97 club tomorrow evening at their West Main street home.

The Daughters of Isabella Sewing Circle will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Metheat on West Jefferson street.

This evening Miss Maggie Gosborn will entertain the members of the Young Ladies' Aid society at her home on East Washington street.

Mrs. R. T. McDonald and daughter, Miss Esther, Mrs. S. C. Lombard and Miss Sophia Crall are now at the Ponce de Leon, St. Augustine, Fla.

The Ladies' Sewing society of St. John's Reformed church, will meet at the home of Mrs. Miller, No. 215 West Main street, tomorrow afternoon.

Miss Lizzie Hunteberger, who has been visiting friends in this city for several months, left this afternoon to visit her sister at Muscatine, Iowa.

The Epworth league of the Trinity M. E. church will give a conundrum social at the church tomorrow evening. Supper served from 5 to 11 o'clock.

Mrs. James Kraus, who has been the guest of Mrs. I. Mautner, of West Wayne street for two weeks left yesterday for her home in Cleveland, Ohio.

Mr. Ed. Gilliland, of Ruffton, and Miss Lizzie Heistaeyer, of South Wayne, were guests of Miss Tillie Perrett of Wallace street, a few days this week.

The Seven club met this afternoon with Mrs. C. E. Woodworth, of West Wayne street, to listen to an excellent paper on "Napoleon From the Throne to St. Helena."

The Woman's Reading club met yesterday afternoon with Mrs. A. W. Seelocase. Papers on "Sophocles" and "Euripides" were read by Mrs. Susan C. Hoffman and Miss Agnes J. Cochrane.

Mrs. T. L. Comparet entertained the following guests at a delightful 12 o'clock luncheon today at her cosy home on the east side. Mrs. W. T. Davis, Mrs. C. M. Comparet, Mrs. Addie Nelson, Mrs. T. A. Davis, Mrs. Frank Stone, Mrs. E. G. Davis and Miss Lena McElfatrick.

Mrs. Addie Nelson very pleasantly entertained a number of her friends last evening at her home on Erie street. At 11 o'clock a delicious luncheon was served. Among those present were Messrs and Mesdames C. M. Comparet, T. L. Comparet, W. T. Davis, E. G. Davis, T. A. Davis, Frank Stone, Misses Lena and Emma McElfatrick.

Last evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Barcus occurred the marriage of Dr. John W. Thompson, of the United States Dental association, and Miss Sophia Stein. The ceremony was performed at 9 o'clock by Rev. M. S. Marble, in the presence of a few intimate friends. Dr. Thompson formerly resided in South Carolina but came to this city about a year ago. Miss Stein whose parents reside in Marion, Ind., has occupied the position as clerk in the Barcus' candy store for some time.

The missionary entertainment and Japanese tea given at the Berry Street M. E. church last evening was a most enjoyable one. The program was exceedingly fine. One pleasing feature was a dialogue, "Too Much to Do at Home," given by the married ladies of the society. Miss Gertrude Schrader in a very pleasing way recited "My Beckey's Bargain for the Heathen." The numbers by the Y. M. C. A. orchestra were exceedingly well rendered. Mr. McCaughey, secretary of the City Y. M. C. A., gave an interesting address on his observations in heathendom. The audience was well pleased when some of the young ladies of the society, Misses Smith, Dunfee, Hoffer, Wolfort, Good, gave "Aunt Polly's Conversion to Missions." "Watchman Tell Us of the Night" was sung by Miss Robinson and Mr. Wefel. The reading, "A Living Sacrifice," by Miss Gertrude Schrader was one of the gems of the evening, and "The Heathen's Rescue," given by five young ladies in costume, Mrs. Berome, and the Misses Robinson, Schrader and Mendenhall, was very picturesque and pleasing. The proceeds of the entertainment will go towards educating a young lady in China.

At the home of Misses Spencer last evening an enjoyable "Orange" social was given by the members of the Epworth league. The rooms were decorated with orange colored bunting and oranges were served in every conceivable style. Whoever ate an orange paid a penny for every seed found in it.

The postoffice employes of the cities say that they can now look St. Valentine in the face without apprehension. They find it possible to take sustenance on the day dedicated to the saint, and the letter carriers do not fall down exhausted on the mail bags. Ten or twelve years ago the day was a continuous struggle on the part of all concerned to perform impossibilities. At present St. Valentine's is a very busy day, indeed, but the work can be done without distress. As the custom of sending valentines has declined, that of sending Christmas cards has amazingly increased, and it is supposed that much of the loving correspondence of St. Valentine has been transferred to the earlier holiday. It is more probable, however, that the abuse of the privilege of being silly on the day consecrated to that saint has caused a reaction and made people ashamed to join the throng of Valentine's more foolish than fond. True lovers, however, still know how to avail themselves of the opportunities the day affords, and we may be sure that St. Valentine will continue to be one of the most popular saints in the calendar.

WESTMINSTER CHAT.

Miss Gertrude Breughen left Monday for a short visit at her home in Chicago.

Miss Blanche Laubach, teacher of the primary department, is ill with a severe cold.

The officers of the Missionary club will be entertained by their president, Miss Sharp, Thursday evening.

Monday evening, by invitation of Mrs. Wellt, was spent in social enjoyment. Bidding defiance to the storm-king's wrath, the hours were spent most pleasantly. Light refreshments were served during the evening.

For the past three days a sign decorating the door of one of the young ladies' rooms, proclaims the fact that the firm there carrying on business will furnish valentines to order at the astonishingly low price of "ten cents apiece or two for a quarter." The firm is said to be doing a land office business and many dainty offerings to "Dan Cupid" have found their way to expectant maidens and made glad their hearts.

Dressed Poultry.

Nice Fat Turkeys, 11c lb.

Nice Fat Chickens, 11c lb.

Select Oysters, 25c; Standards, 20c.

Cape Cod Cranberries, 5 and 7c qt. Fruit House.

Only White Loaf Flour, sure.

Dancing School.

A class for beginners will be formed on Thursday evening of this week at the Farnan Dancing Academy in the Foster Block. Private lessons given at any time. 14t2

Stanton's Photos are the best.

Wanted everybody to attend the W. R. C. Red Bird social and entertainment to be held in G. A. R. hall, No. 80, Calhoun street, Friday, February 16, 1894, to end with a short dance program. Admittance 10 cents. 14t3

Use White Loaf Flour, sure.

COMMON COUNCIL.

Met in Regular Session at the City Hall.

The Street Car Company Ask Permission to Doubletrack West Main Street to Broadway.

The common council of the city of Fort Wayne met in the council chamber Tuesday evening, Feb. 13th, A. D. 1894, in regular session, His Honor Mayor Scherer in the chair, and Rudolf C. Reinewald, clerk, at the desk and present the following members, viz: Councilmen Buck, Cody, Conroy, DeVilbiss, Eggeman, Hanna, Hazzard, Kaiser, McClelland, Meyer, Meyer, Jr., Meyer, P. C., Oakley, Pettit, Scheid, Skelton and Wolf.

Absent, 1, viz: Councilman Kelker.

The minutes of the last regular session having been delivered to the councilmen, were on motion, approved as published.

BILLS.

The following bills were on motion allowed:

[illegible]

BILLS REFERRED.

The following bills were referred to the committee on [illegible]

[illegible] was referred to the committee on [illegible]

The bill of Patrick [illegible] amounting to [illegible] was referred to the committee on [illegible]

The bill of [illegible] Schwartz amounting to [illegible]

The bill of H. G. Sommers, amounting to [illegible]

The bill of [illegible] was referred to the committee on streets.

PETITIONS.

The Fort Wayne Land and Improvement Company asked the council to order the street committee to [illegible] on the [illegible] of Lakeside addition.

Referred to committee on streets.

[illegible]

Referred to committee on [illegible] and city attorney.

C. E. [illegible] and 109 others, petitioned for the straightening of the St. Mary's river from Wells street [illegible]

Referred to committee on [illegible] streets, engineer and attorney.

[illegible] and ten others petitioned for water mains on [illegible] street between [illegible]

Referred to committee on water works.

A. W. [illegible] petitioned for a [illegible] from Calhoun to Webster streets.

Referred to committee on streets.

Helen T. [illegible] and 12 others remonstrated against the proposed High school site selected by the school trustees.

Referred to committee on education.

F. E. [illegible] petitioned the council to take such steps as would enable him to settle [illegible]

Granted.

Resolved, That the report and estimate of the city civil engineer made to this body by [illegible] 1894, in the matter of the six foot double ring brick sewer [illegible]

[illegible]

Thos. DeVilbiss,

Adopted.

J. B. White and others asked that West [illegible] street be [illegible] paved [illegible]

Referred to [illegible]

J. V. Cullers and 3 others petition for water mains on Webster street from Allen street [illegible]

Referred to committee on water works.

COMMUNICATION FROM [illegible] ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.

Gentlemen, the Fort Wayne Electric Railway company respectfully represents to this honorable body [illegible]

[illegible]

Fort Wayne Electric Railway Co.,

[illegible], vice president.

Referred to the committee on streets, engineer and city attorney.

COMMUNICATION FROM FORT WAYNE LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

The land and improvement company, in laying out Lakeside park addition, [illegible]

Fort Wayne Land and Improvement Co.,

C. B. Oakley, Secretary.

Referred to committee on [illegible] and city attorney.

COMMUNICATION FROM L. S. & M. S. RY. CO.

[illegible]

R. C. Bell,

For L. S. & M. S. Ry. Co.

Referred to committee on streets, attorney and civil engineer.

COMMUNICATION FROM J. C. LEHR.

I had a contract with the city to examine records and reports for taxation [illegible]

Jno. Lehr.

Referred to committee on assessment and taxes.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.

We your committee on finance respectfully report as follows:

Sec. 1. Adverse to claim of James Wolf [illegible]

Sec. 2. Regarding the bill of the Bass Foundry and Machine works [illegible]

H. P. Scherer, Mayor.

W. L. Pettit,

W. D. Meyer,

Peter J. Scheid,

Committee on Finance.

[illegible]

Section 1 referred to committee on streets to make report in [illegible]

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON STREETS.

Your committee respectfully reports as follows:

Sec. 1. In favor of Councilman Kelker's resolution to [illegible]

2. In favor of petition of Ernest E. [illegible]

3. In favor of petition of Wm. Dilling [illegible]

4. In favor of Councilman Kelker's resolution [illegible]

5. Adverse to Councilman DeVilbiss' resolution [illegible]

6. In favor of Councilman Cody's resolution [illegible]

7. In favor of Councilman Wolfe's resolution [illegible]

8. Adverse to Councilman Cody's resolution [illegible]

9. Regarding the asphalt petition of the property owners on West Washington street we wish to state the following facts:

First. We have carefully examined and considered both petitions for asphalt and brick and find that there is a majority for asphalt [illegible]

Second. We are all aware of the fact that the Swinney park is destined to be the common pleasure resort of the entire city and Washington street is the leading thoroughfare to the [illegible] and the longest street in the city and, therefore, the best pavement is none too good for it.

Third. We are assured of a much lower price on asphalt than we have ever had before, and the difference between brick and asphalt would not be as much as at first anticipated, we, therefore, must report in favor of the asphalt resolutions as introduced by the councilmen of the third, fourth and fifth wards.

H. P. Scherer,

C. W. Skelton,

Committee.

Sec. 1 referred back to committee. Balance concurred in.

Stanton's Photos are the best.

Call for White Loaf Flour.

"I OWE MY LIFE TO YOU."

A Wilton, N. J., Girl's Experience With a Noted Massachusetts Woman.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

Life is never more precious than in the heyday of youth, when every dream is a promise, and every thought an inspiration.



It is natural that Miss Gertrude Sickler, a young lady who lives at Wilton, N. J., is grateful for the gift at boon of life.

She suffered terribly with suppressed and painful menstruations. The doctors could only prevent her from having fits each month by dosing her with morphine.

At last, when she was completely prostrated, her father got her a bottle of *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound, which at once gave her relief.

That did what the doctors could not do. It cured her. She has no trouble now, and no dread of the coming month. "I owe my life to you," she writes to Mrs. Pinkham. "Oh, if other suffering women could try your valuable medicine they would bless you as I do."

NEW GOODS

AT

THE BOSTON STORE,

We are now showing a fine assortment of Hamburg and Swiss Embroideries and Flouncings.

Our spring lines of Satines are prettier than ever, and have given this deservedly popular fabric, a new lease of life.

New Percales, 36 inches wide, at 12½c per yard, in handsome styles, for dresses, waists, shirts, Etc.

Domestic and Scotch Ginghams, Challies, Pongees and Outings in great variety and the prudent housewife buys such goods early, not only because first choice is always best, but it gives plenty of time to have the spring and summer sewing done without bustle and confusion and before the warm weather.

One case extra large, heavy crochet bed spreads at $1.00 each, worth $1.25.

A full line of new spring cassimeres and ladies' cloths, for capes, Jackets, etc., in plain and fancies.

New skirts, in black satteen, new style trimming, plain and ruffled.

New lace curtains and draperies.

STEWART & HAHN,

The Boston Store.

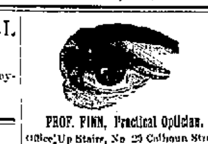
28 Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

W. ELLIS WEISEL

DENTIST.

Parlors, 24, 25, 26 and 27, Pixley-Long Building.

TAKE ELEVATOR.



PROF. FINN, Practical Optician.

Office Up Stairs, No. 23 Calhoun Street.

Where he may be CONSULTED FREE in regard to defective eyes and the adoption of Spectacles and Eyeglasses.

Errors of Refraction. Defects of sight of the eye are daily becoming more important and engaging more attention from our most able and scientific oculists. I have made the adaptation of spectacles a special study 15 years.

Eyes of Different Focus. As many eyes upon careful examination are found to be of different focus, it is highly necessary that such eyes should be fitted by a competent optician. On examination with the ophthalmoscope, as the ordinary test, the optometer, or test type, cannot be relied upon in such cases.

Sight is Priceless. There is more injury done than people are aware of by improperly fitted glasses. Too strong, too weak, too narrow, too wide, to big, too little, poor glasses, poorly made, are a few of the most glaring faults. Daily does the result of this ignorance upon the part of incompetent dealers in spectacles come before me in distressing cases of permanently impaired vision.

He keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Spectacles, suitable for Hypermetropia (far Sight), Myopia (near sight), Presbyopia (old sight), and makes to order all styles of compound lenses, suitable for simple or compound Astigmatism, Conical vision at certain angles. His facilities for properly fitting spectacles are second to none, and he guarantees satisfaction in all cases.

Blue steel frame, first quality lenses, $1 pr. Rimmed steel frame, French crystal lenses, $1.50 pair. Nickel steel frame, German crystal lenses, $2.50 pair. Alpinide frames, Rock crystal lenses, $3.50 pair. Alpinide frames, Brazilian Pebble stone, $5.00 pair.

OFFICE HOURS, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

—THE GREAT—

SMOKE - SALE

OPENED THIS MORNING

With the Largest Crowd That Ever Visited the Store. The Sale will Continue Until Every Garment is Sold.

Half Price—50c On the Dollar—Half Price

This price will, no doubt, pack our large store with people, as we have the confidence of all, never to misrepresent or advertise anything that we do not carry out to the very letter.

We include all our Winter and Spring Garments in the house in this

SALE AT HALF PRICE!

Or in other words,

A Saving to You of 100 Per Cent.

No lady can afford to miss this sale if she is in need of a wrap. It will pay to buy a garment even for next season. We expect to sell

500 Garments

Before the close of this week.

NOTICE!

Every garment is in perfect condition, not in any way injured by the smoke. Don't wait, but come at once, get first choice as there certainly will be a rush and we want to wait on and try hard to please you. Everybody is welcome to the!

Only Exclusive Cloak and Fur House,

V. GUTERMUTH,

52 1-2 Calhoun Street.

CHEAP MEATS.



Leikauf Bros. & Bash

PACKING HOUSE,

Foot of Hanover Street. Take East Main Street Car.

Whole Hogs, Beef by the quarter, Leaf Lard, Spare Ribs, Pork Cuttings, Pigs Feet, Back Bones, Beef and Hog Casings. Liver given away.

Books,

Stationary,

Office Supplies.

LEHMAN BOOK AND NEWS COMPANY,

81 Calhoun Street.

SOMETHING —FOR— NOTHING!

PART OF OUR STOCK

Was damaged at the late fire—some by smoke and the rest by water. The shirt and underwear stock got the water. We don't want the stock, and to give it away we have put prices on our entire line that will open the public's pocketbook. Our stock of damaged Hats will be sold at auction prices.

SEE US AND YOU WILL BUY.

E. J. GOLDEN, 56 CALHOUN ST.

A Sensational Statement, But Nevertheless True.

WANTED.

WANTED—Boarders at 19 Hamilton St.—Cosy rooms. Board and rooms, $15 per month. 15-eod-2t

WANTED—Traveling salesman or have fine side line. The Bouquet Cigar Co., Lynchburg, Va. 1-3m

WANTED—Good reliable solicitor. Guaranteed salary contract given. Call at room 28, Randall Hotel, from 2 to 3 a. m. and from 12 to 2 p. m. and 5 to 6 p. m. 11-6t

WANTED—Live salesman to sell lithos, a unique advertising novelty in Fort Wayne and adjacent territory. Good opportunity for right party. Address W. H. Stanton, 39 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill. 17-6t

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 49 East Lewis street. 12-tf

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, with all modern conveniences. Call at 50 East Washington street. 15-tf

FOR RENT—A hall over 158 Calhoun St.; heated and lighted with natural gas. Inquire of P. E. Cox. 5-tf

FOR RENT—Two well furnished rooms, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Inquire at 41 West Washington street. 13-tf

FOR RENT—Offices in the Arcade, $8; storeroom $25 per month. Cheapest rents in the city, considering location—West Berry street, 50 feet off Calhoun. 5-tf

FOR RENT—After January 1st, a suite of four rooms on second floor above the Singer sewing machine Co. on West Wayne street, only few doors from Calhoun street. For particulars, call at the Sentinel office. tf

FOR RENT—Grocery and meat market, 28 Huron street; show cases, counters, scales, shelving, gas lights, stove with gas; meat market with all tools and cooler. Rent, $25 per month. Both places good bargains and good location. M. Frank. 17-1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Farm of 325 acres, in one tract or divided; also 25 acres, 100 acres, 50 acres, 40 acres and 10 acres. Good bargains. For particulars call at 38 Calhoun St., H. W. Nissonger, M. D. 25-1m

FOR SALE—Fifty from 1 to 10 room houses. Prices from $300 up; 30 lots from $100 up; lot in exclusion for large size; offering houses; improved farms for sale or exchange; money to loan in sums from $100 to $20,000 interest reasonable. Romy & Robilon, room 27 Bank Block. d&w 20-tf

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and residence, 36 Madison street. Specialty—Diseases of women. Office hours, from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.; from 7 p. m. to 8 p. m. Telephone No. 470.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MONEY TO LOAN—One thousand five hundred and three hundred dollars on real estate, at seven per cent, and small sums on personal security. Inquire at Sentinel office. 25-tf

DR. FREDERICK THAYER, the Magnetic Physician, removes all pain and disease with laying on of hands. Dr. Thayer is a graduate of the regular school, yet he is the greatest Magnetic healer of the age, and can cure where medicine has no effect. The Dr. has a forfeit of $1,000 if any one will come to his office with pains he cannot relieve in 2 minutes with his hands. Chronic cases successfully treated by the month and medicine furnished, at $5.00 per month. Female troubles a specialty. Office, No. 8 Short St., in Bloomingdale, near Orchard House. Telephone 525. 6-tf

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!

Stop Paying Rent! Own Your Home

If you want money to buy a home,
Or to pay off a mortgage,
Or to improve your property,
Or to help you in any way,

Come to the

Allen Co. Loan & Savings Association,

Rooms 6 and 7 White's Block, and have your wants supplied on the best possible terms for safety and satisfaction to yourself.
T. O. Rounds, Sec'y. Ed. White, Pres.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children will greatly favor and assist the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information to Officer Schlaudroff, 52 Clinton street. Telephone No. 66.

ELY'S Cream Balm



Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

TRY THE CURE.

A particle is applied in each Nostril and is agreeable. Price, 50 cents, at druggists; by mail, registered, 60c. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

BALD HEADS

NO CURE. NO PAY. NO MUSTACHE. NO PAY.

DANDRUFF CURED.

I will take Contracts to grow hair on the head or face with those who can call at my office or at the office of my agents, provided the head is not glossy, or the pores of the scalp not closed. Where the head is shiny or the pores closed, there is no cure. Call and be examined free of charge. If you cannot call, write to me. State the exact condition of the scalp and your occupation. PROF. G. BIRKHOLZ, Room 1011 Masonic Temple, Chicago. Ask your Druggist for my cure.

For sale by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

THE SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY!

Blank Books of all kinds made to order on short notice.

Magazines and Periodicals bound in the latest style.

Old Books rebound good as new.

MAIL ORDERS will receive Prompt attention.

Estimates Will be Furnished on All Kinds of Work Open Application.

Making a Complete Job.



O'Gaff—Oi'd loike yez to half sole an heel thim shoes.

Cobbler (examining the articles)—They'll not stand it. The uppers are all worn out.

O'Gaff—Oh, phwell! Put new uppers on thim too!—Truth.

ORDERED TO BE SOLD.

The Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western Railroad.

Accidents, Incidents and Personal Mention Gathered About the Railroads and Shops.

A dispatch from Findlay, Ohio, reads as follows: "The Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western railroad, known as the Tangent Line, has been ordered sold on or about March 21 at master commissioner's sale. It must bring $400,000, and it will probably be bought in by the principal contractor, C. G. Patterson, of New York, who represents the heaviest stockholders. After the sale the line will be taken out of the receiver's hands and completed to Fort Wayne, Ind. There are about sixty miles of track laid, and it is equal to any track in the state. It will also be extended east in this city to a connection with the Big Four."

THE ACCIDENTS OF '93.

The statistics of railway accidents for 1893 do not differ materially from those of 1892, so far as the number of accidents is concerned. The total in 1893 was 2,327, against 2,307 in 1892. The record of persons killed, however, is a bad one. The deaths resulting from railway accidents during the year were 601, which was 53 per cent. more than 1892; of the killed 178 were passengers, 424 employes and ninety-one trespassers. The number of persons injured was 2,584, of whom 1,240 were passengers, 1,243 employes and 101 other individuals. The collisions show a noticeable decrease, there being 1,062 in 1893 against 996 in 1892. The increased mortality in passengers is due to the much larger number of passenger trains run to carry the world's fair business.

WILL BUILD NEW OFFICES.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company has purchased the Washington hotel property at the northwest corner of Madison and Canal streets, in Chicago, and will obtain possession of the premises on May 1. It is stated on reliable authority that the company designs erecting a large and handsome general office building on this site, and that negotiations are in progress for the Norton mill property adjoining on the east. Should this be acquired, the company will construct a mammoth building extending from the river to Canal street with connecting arches over the railroad tracks. The building will be an imposing structure and will, it is stated, cost about $750,000 to erect. Work will be commenced on the building about May 1.

MINOR MENTION.

Machinist G. P. Grosh, of the Wabash shops, is sick.

Stewart Beher, of the winding room, electric light works, is ill with the grip.

The Pittsburg shops will be closed next Saturday for the first time this month.

Arthur Hadley left last night for Decatur, Ill., on business for the electric light works.

Miss Lillie, the daughter of Blacksmith William Kiel, of the Pittsburg shops, is quite ill.

Shipping Clerk George Rhinesmith, of Rhinesmith & Simonson's factory, is sick and off duty.

Conductor John Sloan, of the Pittsburg, is taking a lay off to adjust some private business affairs.

John Anderson has recovered his health and this morning resumed work in the electric light works.

David Robinson, of Knox, Ind., is visiting his brother, Conductor Samuel Robinson, of the Nickel Plate.

Wabash passenger train No. 43 was delayed two hours last night by delay in receiving the mails at Toledo.

Henry Mennowish, of the Bass blacksmith shop, is suffering with a lame back and is unable to work.

Passenger Conductor W. E. Lipsett, of the Pittsburg, resumed his run this morning after a vacation of two weeks.

Charles Worths resumed work in the electric light works this morning, having recovered from a sprained back.

The machinists in the Bass shops, with, perhaps, the exception of three or four men, were laid off until next Monday.

C. Tresselt & Sons will build a large ware house adjoining their mills on Clinton street. Architect John Riedel is now making the plans.

Machinist Gus Fromuth, who spent several days in repairing an engine in the electric lighting plant at Galion, Ohio, returned to this city this morning.

The gross earning of 123 roads for January this year were $34,528,145, against $39,347,999 in the corresponding month of 1893, a decrease this year of $4,819,852.

Mrs. Boese, wife of the carpenter at the east car shops, is improving in health. She was very ill for two or three months. Mr. and Mrs. Boese reside on Hough street.

P. E. Albers, a tank builder in the Pittsburg shops, is off duty on account of sickness. John Allen, of the same department, is suffering with inflammation of the bowels and is quite ill.

The report that the Burlington employes are in danger of missing a pay day is pronounced by the officials of that line to be absolutely false. It has been decided to change the hour for paying off the men, but there is no lack of money.

The Pittsburg pay car will arrive in this city Friday afternoon, when it will pay the employes at the east yards and shops and move down to the depot Saturday morning. The pay roll this month is not very great.

The average cost of running a passenger train is seventy-five cents per mile, but on Monday and on Monday night, says an experienced railroad man, it cost $7 a mile, so strong was the wind and so troublesome the snow in the northern part of the state.

A wealthy syndicate has been formed to develop the Jackson coal mines and to largely increase the railroad facilities for moving and distributing the coal in the various markets, the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton taking an active part in its distribution.

As the Southern Pacific has shown no signs of withdrawing its notice of boycotting the Santa Fe, dating from February 23, the silence is taken as an indication that it is to be enforced. Those who understand the situation are of opinion it will lead to a rate war which will last for months.

The Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern has placed a contract with the Pullman car works for 900 freight cars. The present management is determined to properly equip its new acquisition, the Ohio and Mississippi, which, in years past, has suffered in its business for lack of rolling stock.

A syndicate with ample capital has secured control of the stone quarries about one and a half miles from Greensburg, Ind., and have arranged with the Big Four to build a branch to these quarries. Some years ago they were worked, but never properly developed, although some as fine stone as there is in the state is found there. The new syndicate will place the stone on the market in any desired quantity.

The Pennsylvania lines are still carrying a much larger per cent. of the eastbound business out of Chicago than usual, and with this competing lines are becoming uneasy. Last week the Fort Wayne and the Panhandle carried over one fourth of the business—13,916 tons—an increase over the preceding week of 1,211 tons, while the tonnage of all other lines, the Lake Shore excepted, fell below that of the previous week.

The controlling stock of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western road has at last fallen into the hands of the Vanderbilts. This road is a double-tracked short line between New York and Buffalo. It will doubtless be operated in connection with the Nickel Plate, and in part with the Michigan Central. For many years this road has been a thorn in the side of the Vanderbilts, so inclined were its officers to work independently, not showing respect to any proposition made by the trunk lines unless confident that the Lackawanna had the best of the bargain.

WELL-DRESSED WOMEN.

Handsome Gowns are Not Necessarily the Most Expensive.

Diamond Dyes Make Possible Many Stylish Suits—Their Use Greatly Increased by Hard Times—Rich Colors That Will Not Fade, Crock or Wash Out.

"About the only thing the sale of which has been increased by the hard times are diamond dyes," said a Fort Wayne druggist. "Women like to be well dressed, and they find that by the use of these handy home dyes they can make an old dress look like a new one, prevent the husband's clothes from getting shabby and keep the children nicely clothed."

While there are fifty different colors in diamond dyes, the blacks (special kinds for wool, cotton and silk and feathers) are the most popular, as any color can be dyed a handsome black with but little or no expense. The directions on the envelopes are so plain and explicit that the most inexperienced can do as well as the professional dyer.

In one of the ladies' papers, a story of real life was printed, telling how a winter wardrobe was made from partly worn clothing by the aid of diamond dyes. "A tan colored flannel dress was taken apart and washed and then dyed a beautiful brown with seal brown diamond dye. As it is made very plain it can be washed almost as easily as calico; for, like other colors produced by these dyes, it will never fade." It also tells of "a suit that was dyed a lovely shade of dark green," and other useful and handsome gowns, cloaks and hats that were colored with diamond dyes. Try a ten cent package and see how easily a first and beautiful color can be made over any kind of goods.

COLLIDED WITH A BRIDGE.

Serious Accident to the Steamer City of Paducah.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 15.—A special to the Post Dispatch, from Paducah, says the steamer City of Paducah ran into the Tennessee bridge here, throwing it out of gear and preventing trains of the Chesapeake Ohio and Southwestern from crossing. The steamer had a large portion of her upper works carried away and a hole below her water line compelled the captain to run her ashore to save her from sinking.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

An Item of Interest to Everybody.

This Will Please You More Than Any Common Event.

Read It Carefully and Ponder Over It Long and Earnestly.

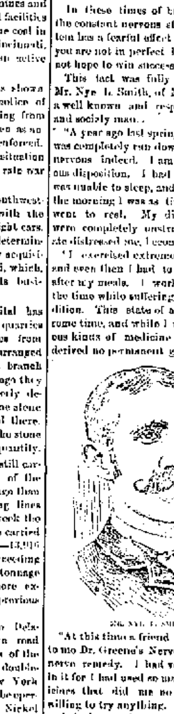
The most important news of the day is that which most nearly concerns us all.

In these times of business anxiety, the constant nervous strain on the system has a fearful effect upon health. If you are not in perfect health you can not hope to win success.

This fact was fully appreciated by Mr. Nye L. Smith, of Montpelier, Vt., a well known and respected business and society man.

"A year ago last spring," he says, "I was completely run down and was very nervous indeed. I am of a very nervous disposition. I had no appetite and was unable to sleep, and when I rose in the morning I was as tired as when I went to rest. My digestive organs were completely unstrung, whatever I ate distressed me, I becoming sour.

"I exercised extreme care in eating, and even then I had to suffer always after my meals. I worked in pain all the time while suffering from my condition. This state of affairs lasted for some time, and while I was trying various kinds of medicine from which I derived no permanent good.



MR. NYE L. SMITH.

"At this time a friend recommended to me Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I had very little faith in it for I had used so many other medicines that did me no good, but was willing to try anything. I got a bottle and had not taken more than half of it before I began to feel much better, and, finding so much benefit, I kept on.

"I have taken in all six bottles and am now completely cured. I have not lost a day since. My work is now easily done, I eat well, sleep well, am not nervous, digestion is good and all I attribute to the blessing of God and Dr. Greene's remedy. I have always recommended it and shall continue to do so."

Mr. Smith saw that his health was failing, and he felt that he was losing his hold both upon business and society. He went bravely to work to get well by taking Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

If for any reason your health is not just what it should be, if there is a weakness somewhere, take this wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and it will bring back to you the health and strength which you have lost. Especially do you need it now in preparing your system for the spring. It is purely vegetable and harmless and is the discovery of Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th Street, New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted at his office free, personally or by letter.

RICH MEN IN THE MILITIA.

"Eddie" Gould Now Enrolled Among the Empire State's Citizen Soldiers.

Edwin Gould has now become a recognized authority on matters military, his connection with the militia of New York state having added highly to the efficiency of his own regiment. Personally Mr. Gould is very popular with his comrades, a fact which is in no way due to his millions, for among the citizen soldiery money does not count. They are used to plutocratic uniform wearers there. The spectacle of a poor clerk in the capacity of lieutenant or captain giving orders to men who have historic fortunes is common. William Waldorf Astor and men equally well off, or rather almost so, have been in the ranks of the New York militia. It is a very democratic, if well disciplined, body. Many a friendship between poor fellows and rich youths has been begun in this way. When the boys get together in the armories a $20 a week salesman may be seen lending 60 cents in small change to a $5,000,000 heir. Or a society youth may ask some struggling genius why he has not called this past week, only to be told that the genius had been so busy trying to make a little money that he couldn't. Democratic simplicity is maintained in all equipments. One man is not permitted to sport more gorgeous military trappings than another, for all are kept to one standard of neatness, cleanliness and military subordination.

Herodotus gives a good description of the manner in which the early Ethiopians preserved their dead. Having thoroughly dried the corpse, they plastered it over with a paste made of gypsum and then painted the face and exposed parts so as to make them look as natural as possible. Dead bodies served in this manner remained intact for hundreds of years.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

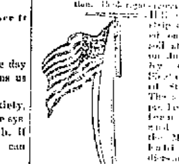
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

CALIFORNIA'S FATE.

A LAND OF HIDDEN GOLD BEDS SEIZED BY THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Goaded to Defiance by the Intrigue, the Pathfinder Hoisted Our Flag—Afterward He Made Good the Threat, Armed the Patriots and Led on to Conquest.

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U. S. sloops and ships swept out on California soil at Monterey on July 7, 1846, by Commodore Sloat of the United States navy. The same day he proclaimed American occupation and announced the Mexican inhabitants, soldiers and officials a warrant of forts, with all forts, posts, stations, arms, munitions of war and public property in the American forces. Nine days later Admiral Seymour, commander of England's Pacific fleet, arrived in the port of Monterey, and on meeting the Yankee commodore exclaimed without preamble: "Sloat, if your flag was not flying on shore, I should have mine."

The United States was then at war with Mexico and had no opposition to entering contest with England for the possession of a tract of wilderness. It had been planned the British ship's last, California treasure might have played a different part in the history of the American continent. Commodore Sloat had simply waited for his instructions and timely arrival of land of hidden gold beds, but he appears to have acted only when he was dragged into it by the deeds of others. Captain John C. Fremont at the head of a band full of explorers was the pioneer conqueror of the great Eldorado.

In March, 1846, Fremont obtained from the Mexican authorities permission to continue his scientific explorations across their territory to the Pacific, and while resting quietly in camp in the Sacramento valley on his way to Oregon the Mexican general rode up and delivered a peremptory notice to the Americans to leave the country at once. He knew he would be used to help them over the border. Aside from the hardship involved in a journey to the far settlements of Oregon or the east with his exhausted men and horses, Fremont had other reasons for seeking the beautiful California. He was a government business and was then interested in and had been indebted to much so far south by the kindly reception previously given to his enterprise. He sent word to the Mexican chief that he considered the order an insult to the flag he served, moved his equipage to a more defensible position, hoisted the American flag over a log fort hastily built and waited for a battle. Mexican troopers circled around the little fortress for three days, but didn't attempt to carry out the order of Governor, and Fremont started leisurely for the Oregon line, halting at Sutter's Fort, which was on Mexican soil, to recruit his animals for the long journey ahead. The weeks that followed were full of exciting events and of the flag. Men who had fought in the early trip that year before. Once at Fremont was standing alone by his campfire in the Oregon mountains, thinking over the situation of his purpose and the men of the Mexican territory to an early departure. He had left Washington filled with a belief that the government had an eye open to the acquisition of California by purchase or other peaceful means, and his research went to confirm that aim. But it was all over, and his plans were called into being by one of expedition. Suddenly the sound of horses' hoofs coming up from the south reached his ear, and while watching and listening two horsemen rode into the circle of firelight. They were recognized as two men from Sutter's Fort and proved to be the advance couriers of a United States naval officer, who, with a slender body guard, was following the trail, about 600 miles, to overtake Fremont, with orders from Washington that would recall him to California. The messengers rode into Fremont's bivouac on May 8, and on the 9th Gillespie's party was found on Tlamath lake surrounded by hostiles and in danger of their lives. He was Lieutenant Archibald Gillespie, bearer of dispatches from Washington to apprise Fremont of the prospect of war with Mexico, to absolve him from his duty as an explorer and impress him with a knowledge of his duty as a United States officer in the event of war. Gillespie had left Washington in October, 1845, traveled through Mexico with his orders and dispatches committed to memory and after a tedious and perilous trip turned up on the band of Tlamath working to bring California into the Union. On the same day was the news of Gillespie and Gillespie himself came up with Fremont, the 8th and 9th of



FREMONT IN 1846.

May, General Zachary Taylor was forcing the issue with Mexico at Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma. War was declared on May 13, but news of it was a long time reaching the Pacific coast.

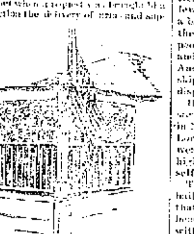
Fremont and Gillespie talked far into the night, and the young explorer turned into his blanket fully determined to retrace his steps and reenter Mexican California as a soldier. Before they slept the camp was attacked by Tlamaths, and two of Fremont's band were killed. Had Fremont fallen in that midnight skirmish, the destiny of California's bursting coffers would have been settled by the chance blow of an Indian's hatchet.

The party pushed rapidly down the Sacramento valley, raiding and destroying the Indian rancherias. This was to warn the red men not to attack the Americans, as they purposed to do at the instigation of the Mexicans.

The Fremont ejectment episode of March had stirred up the natives against all the white men in California. The whites in turn looked to Fremont as their deliverer, and when they saw him recalled by a United States officer fresh from Washington and learned, as they did, that a fleet of United States war vessels lay in San Francisco harbor their hopes turned at once to American occupation by force of necessity, but occupation anyway.

The naval officers supplied lead, powder and caps on Fremont's requisitions; at the same time refusing them to citizens who had organized what is known as the Bear Flag republic at Sonoma. Fremont marched at his original troop, who were only elderly volunteers obeying an army officer, to San Francisco and committed a bold act of war by spiking the guns of a Mexican fort at the entrance of the bay now known as the Golden Gate. Returning to Sonoma, Fremont found the Bear Flag men in arms to the number of 224. His force was 160, and the settlers insisted that he unite with them under one command. He did so after a consideration speech, in which he reminded them that he was an officer of the United States army and should look to them to do nothing that would discredit that army or the country's flag. This little force, augmented almost daily by new immigrants and by volunteers from north of the border, was known as Fremont's California battalion, the pioneer army of the conquest. The date of these events was the first week in July, 1846. The war was progressing rapidly in Mexico, a British war fleet was sailing along the coast of California toward Monterey and ports, and a few United States vessels rode at anchor in the harbors of Monterey and San Francisco. But as yet nothing except the Mexican and the earliest flag known as the Bear Flag was floating on California soil. Although Fremont had cleared the Sacramento valley of the whole stretch of territory north of San Francisco from the Sierras down to the coast.

Commodore Sloat waited in his ship's locker orders by written orders from the navy department under the sanction of Congress. Not he went to the last for the good news that Mexico had declared war, "or in the event of war," or "in the event of an act of hostility," the Commodore should take the California forts which his force in hand was able to take and hold. Official notice reached him early in June that Taylor had fought two battles, but said mind tenth official notice that actual war. His despatch was sent to Monterey on July 2 and ordered the Mexicans the usual civilities, without offer to allow the flag. Not only that, but when a request was brought him to sanction the delivery of arms and supplies



THE STARS AND STRIPES FIRST FLOAT.

plies to Fremont's force, and the lives and property of the Americans were refused all aid and orders. The Commodore's evident weakness of his first contact with the United States and Mexico. Fortunately the spirit of the American immigrant population and of the navy officers was at one. Commodore Sloat came into contact with them and was too strongly in favor of United States rule to permit the case to go by default. He came into the harbor when the forces of the latter were not of the native Mexicans and the French and English traders, who favored English protection. Admiral Seymour's fleet was known to be sailing up the coast to take possession of the Californian coast, and a day's delay might have taken power into the field. The situation was presented to the commodore by one after another of his subordinates, and a few hours after his chilling instructions to his captains that every truly superior officer must be ready to fight those that were wont to raise the stars and stripes upon the Mexican custom house at Monterey by a detachment of naval officers and seamen; also at San Francisco, Sutter's and other places in possession of United States sympathizers. Immediately Fremont was, in a message with the news. Fremont did join and quickly presented himself on board the flagship. Sloat demanded by what authority he had taken place under Fremont's flag and when the bold captain admitted that there was none, Sloat was stunned to be had forced the issue of battle and to hope of his loyalty to Fremont with his notion and the General Kearny's. Seeing his mistake, he lay petulantly cut off the interview, and it was held unpromising.

The matter as to the war of extermination then led to acting from there to Fremont on land, which flowed far by. But when the English arrived a few days later the Mexicans were already without fight, and it became a ready affair to assign a domain abandon the occupation. Stout persisted that he would do nothing. Then luckily his second in command, Commodore Stockton, arrived on the scene and wrung from Sloat the permission to land a naval battalion to cooperate with Fremont. The Mexicans were twice outdone, once by Fremont and again by Fremont, Stockton and General Kearny, who marched in overland from New Mexico with 100 United States soldiers. Several battles occurred, and the natives were everywhere conquered and subdued. Fremont received the surrender as military commandant and was appointed governor of the territory. The revolution of the American settlers was the decisive event, and that was stirred up by Fremont's open defiance of the Mexican soldiery. Sloat was converted by it from the neutral role he had set out to play into an armed invader. The same aggressive spirit led to the hoisting of the flags and their maintenance at all cost until occupation became a fact through the overthrow of Mexican power and influence by force of arms. If the acquisition of California was not a conquest, with Fremont as the hero, it was "very like it," and no mistake. George L. Kilmer.

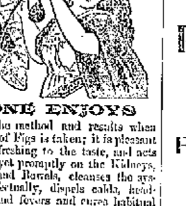
Not His Fault.



Young Tutter—I hope you will pardon me for not coming around to dinner last night, but it was really impossible.

Miss Pinkerly—No excuse is necessary, Mr. Tutter. The fact that you don't come to dinner is ample proof that you can't.—Truth.

Stanton's Photos are the best.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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Royal Baking Powder

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NOTHING UNUSUAL.

That Yarn About Lightning Cavorting on Shipboard.

When the captain of the steamship Alena, from Dundee, came into port a few weeks ago and told a yarn about a ball of fire doing insane things about the decks of his ship, there were some people who heard the tale with scorn, and others who wrote poetry about it. And now here comes another Dundee skipper who tells of a similar electric display.

He is Captain Lord, of the British steamer Croma, which lately arrived in New York from Dundee. Captain Lord says his ship encountered heavy weather from the start. Seas beat high, and the barometer dwarfed itself to 28.15.

That night there was a succession of hail squalls, and the captain asserts that during each squall every masthead, yardarm and gaff were ablaze with corposants, or St. Elmo's lights, as mariners prefer to speak of them. They came and went as the squalls blew and subsided, and, as these lasted throughout the night, the ship was several times illuminated with dancing lips of fire.

The ship during this time was driving before the gale with engines stopped. She was lightly laden, and the seas were swinging so high that it was found necessary to stop the engines to check the frightful racing of the propellers. Waves constantly dashed over the ship, and one of the vessel's crew was badly injured by being thrown to the deck.

Toward morning the wind fell light and there came in fitful gusts. Then the lightning got in its play, and for an hour or two the ship was in a perfect blaze of sheet lightning.

A CHECK ON THE ICEMAN.

Gas Meters and Water Meters, Why Not Ice Meters?

It was left to a Kansas City man to foil the ice man, another prolific subject for the funny men who write for comic papers, seems doomed. W. B. Dickson, who by profession, is at the head of a school of shorthand, and incidentally is an author and inventor, was recently granted a patent for an ice meter, to be attached to refrigerators. It is to be known as the Dickson ice meter. By its use the consumer will no longer be at the mercy of the ice man and the ice man will no longer be compelled to listen to the complaints of his customers. The device weighs the ice as it is day by day put into the ice box and registers the weight of each day's purchase on a month's register, so that at the end of the month a look at the register will show the exact number of pounds used during that period. It indicates the exact number of pounds of ice remaining in the refrigerator at any time of the day, enabling the owner to know whether or not it is necessary to order ice. There are also other advantages attached to the use of the meter. Mr. Dickson has received numerous inquiries about his invention and has been offered a flattering sum for it.

To Connect Chicago and the Ocean.

Engineer A. E. Sutton of Chicago is the inventor of a scheme, that appears plausible, for connecting Chicago with the seaboard. He plans to deepen the Welland canal so as to permit vessels of twenty-two-foot draft to pass a point near Thorold, Ont., and from there to cut through to the Niagara river at a point just below the rapids. Then he would deepen the St. Lawrence river and the Canadian channels along it to a point due north of lake Champlain. Here he would cut a channel south to that lake, and from its southern point dig a canal to Troy or Albany. The Hudson river would give them egress to the ocean.

Chinese Officials.

A Chinese mandarin is not expected to have any friendships or intimacies outside of his office, and he cannot encourage visitors within its precincts without laying himself open to a charge of favoritism or corruption. If the inhabitants of a district wish to show their appreciation of an official's administration and testify to his probity, the most effective way in which they can do so is to wait upon him at one of the city gates as he makes his farewell exit and beg the gift of the official boots, which are thenceforward preserved in some temple as public property.

A Quarter Century Test.

For a quarter of a century Dr. King's New Discovery has been tested, and the millions who have received benefit from its use testify to its wonderful curative power in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. A remedy that has stood the test so long and that has given so universal satisfaction is no experiment. Each bottle is positively guaranteed to give relief, or the money will be refunded. It is admitted to be the most reliable for Coughs and Colds. Trial bottles Free at Dreier & Bro.'s drug store. Large size 50c and $1.00.

It May Do as Much For You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures, but without any good result. About a year ago he began to use Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to the cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At Dreier & Bro. drug store.

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The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dreier & Bro.

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From a Never-Failing Well-Spring

Of Delight

Are offered to old and young, rich and poor, the learned and the unlettered—

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Leave Fort Wayne	Leave	Arrive
Valparaiso and Chicago	* 3 15 am	* 6 05 am
New York and Washington	* 5 30 am	* 3 15 am
Youngstown and Pittsburg	* 5 30 am	* 3 15 am
Lima and Crestline	† 7 25 am	† 5 10 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago	† 7 50 am	† 11 25 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago	† 11 20 am	† 12 30 pm
Canton and Pittsburg	† 12 25 pm	† 11 20 am
Warsaw and Plymouth	† 3 45 pm	† 8 15 am
Valparaiso and Chicago	* 4 30 pm	* 9 30 pm
New York and Washington	* 9 10 pm	* 4 25 pm
Pittsburg and Philadelphia	* 9 10 pm	* 4 25 pm
New York and Washington	* 9 35 pm	* 6 35 am
Pittsburg and Philadelphia	* 9 35 pm	* 6 35 am

THE WABASH LINE—Trains Carrying Passengers Leave FORT WAYNE. Schedule of November 19, 1893.

GOING EAST.	DEPART.
New York and Boston Lim., daily	4 15 a m
Toledo Express, except Sunday	1 25 p m
Atlantic Express, daily	7 12 p m
Local Freight	6 00 a m
GOING WEST.	DEPART.
Pacific Express, daily	8 05 a m
Kansas City Ex., except Sunday	1 40 p m
Lafayette Accom'n, except Sunday	3 20 p m
St. Louis Limited, daily	8 32 p m

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

GOING NORTH.	
For Grand Rapids and North	Lv. 2 35 pm
	Lv. 9 05 am
From Richmond	Ar. 10 35 pm
GOING SOUTH.	
For Richmond and Cincinnati	Lv. 5 45 am
	Lv. 12 35 pm
Grand Rapids	Ar. 9 20 pm
All trains daily except Sunday.	

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

SOUTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 132 Way Freight	5 35 pm
No. 130 Cin. Express and Mail	10 25 am
No. 134 Detroit & Ind'pls Express	8 50 pm
NORTHWARD.	DEPART.
No. 133 Way Freight	6 40 pm
No. 137 Through Express and Mail	11 45 am
No. 139 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex	4 45 pm

NICKEL PLATE.

The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R.

EAST.	Arr.	Dep.
N. Y. & Boston Express	*2 20 am	*2 30 am
Cleveland Mail	11 30 pm	†11 45 pm
Eastern Express	7 25 pm	*7 45 pm
Local Freight	5 50 am	†6 10 am
WEST.	Arr.	Dep.
Chicago Express	*2 30 am	*2 40 am
Chicago Mail	11 45 pm	12 05 pm
Western Express	7 25 pm	7 35 pm
Local Freight	16 50 am	17 00 am

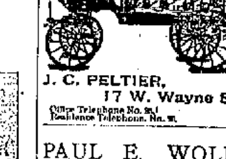
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NORTH BOUND—ARRIVE FORT WAYNE.	
No. 740 Passenger	Arrive 7 40 am
No. 143 Passenger	10 30 pm
No. 1170 Local	4 30 pm
SOUTH BOUND—LEAVE FORT WAYNE.	
No. 741 Passenger	Leave 7 15 am
No. 143 Passenger	4 00 pm
No. 1171 Local	5 00 am
†Daily except Sunday. *Daily.	

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HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $200,000. Surplus $225,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
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The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

THURSDAY, FEB. 15 1894.

TONIGHT.

UNION VETERAN LEGION—Meeting of the Ladies Auxiliary.
NEBRASKA MISSION—Meet to Organize a New Church
CONUNDRUM SOCIAL — Epworth League of Trinity M. E. Church.
LAETITIA CLUB—At the Home of Mrs. J. H. Holbrook.
THE 20TH CLUB—Regular Meeting
THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY—Regular meeting.
OCCULT SCIENCE SOCIETY—Regular weekly meeting.
GERMAN-JACKSON BUILDING AND LOAN—Regular Meeting.
GERMANIA BUILDING AND LOAN—Regular Meeting.
TRADES UNIONS—Knights of Labor; Tinners, Cigarmakers.
LODGES—Summit City lodge, No. 30, A. O. U. W.; Harmony Lodge, No. 19, I. O. O. F.; Knights of Maccabees, George Humphrey post, G. A. R.; Fort Wayne Commandery, No. 4, K. T.
BAPTIST TABERNACLE—Revival Services.
CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Revival Meetings
FREE METHODIST CHURCH—Revival Services.
GRACE CHURCH—Revival Services.

FEBRUARY is proving to be a grand winter month.

ONE week from today will be the birthday of George Washington.

MAYORALTY candidates are ripening. The woods will soon be full of them.

THE slow moving senate may get to the tariff bill some time next month.

ETHAN ALLEN CARPENTER will probably be appointed postmaster at Elkhart.

WE have had four days of snow and yet no "beautiful snow" poem has been received at this office.

THE city council has failed to come up to what the people expected of them in the way of making provisions for furnishing work to the unemployed.

TWO candidates for county offices in Wabash county withdrew their names on account of the fee and salary law when the supreme court declared it constitutional.

WITH the opening of spring business all over the country promises to take a boom. Evidences of it are seen every day in starting up of manufacturing establishments.

CHARLES FOSTER, of Ohio, was one of the most liberal and charitable of men. Now he is a bankrupt, with liabilities of $808,000 and assets of $200,000. Truly can it be said, that riches take wings and fly away.

THE attorney-general has prepared an opinion in which he says the state must furnish stationery and pay postage for county superintendents in the transaction of official business. It is held that the county superintendent is a county officer, and that the payment of these supplies is authorized by law.

MRS. G. W. HOUK, wife of the Dayton, Ohio, congressman who died so suddenly at Washington last week, delivered a brief address at the conclusion of the exercises at her husband's funeral. She spoke from the standpoint of a Christian scientist—that there is no such a thing as death; that while the body may decay the spirit continues to live, etc. Mrs. Houk is reputed to be a lady of refinement and culture.

AT the adjourned meeting of the city council last night the street committee reported in favor of paving Creighton avenue, between Calhoun street and Webster street, with brick. They also reported in favor of several minor improvement resolutions. A majority report for paving Butler street with brick was presented by Mr. Skelton, of the street committee, but was referred until the next meeting. An ordinance was introduced and passed requiring that sewer, water and gas connections be made before any permanent street improvements are commenced.

IT has just been announced that Secretary of State Gresham surrendered his pension of $30 a month when he became a member of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet. He was wounded in the leg July 22, 1864, before the rebel earthworks at Atlanta. His wound still troubles him, sometimes seriously. The secretary did not let it be known to the public that he had ceased to be a pensioner, but the busy newspaper correspondent found it out and it is just now published as an item of news. Being in comfortable circumstances, financially, the secretary did not feel that he ought to draw a pension.

THE recent fighting at Rio Janeiro would indicate that the weapons of modern warfare are not so terribly destructive as is generally believed. Krupp guns, machine guns and the latest repeating rifles were used on both sides, but the casualties did not exceed those which frequently occurred when fairly resolute forces of the same number had it out with the old fashioned smooth bores. It will be remembered that General Sheridan when taking observations of the Franco-German war was disappointed in the execution done by the Krupp guns. Man has yet much to learn in the art of killing.

"SEVEN-TENTHS of the people of China are opium smokers, and 2,400,000 of them die annually from its effects," said a Chinese missionary recently, who has spent twenty-two years of his life in the flowery kingdom. "This habit is rapidly growing," he went on, "it is confined to no class or sex, but men and women, officials and coolies, are it alike. As soon as opium smoking becomes a confirmed habit with a Chinese coolie he knows that he has about ten years to live. That seems to be the average. I consider it easier to reform a sot in the gutter, one of your lowest type of drunkards, than an opium smoker."

THE Washington Gazette says that "Bud" Stone, the murderer of the Wratten family, who is to be executed in the prison south tomorrow morning, seems to gloat over the fact that his is the most revolting crime of the age. His depraved mind fattens on the thought that he will go to the grave with a notorious name, and his story will record him as the prince of murderers. With this spirit he will probably mount the scaffold, and with the same story he has so often told he will swing off into an unknown eternity, with few to weep for him and millions to say 'well done.'"

A fellow arrested in New York for not supporting his family whined in a pitiful manner that he was poor and sick and could hardly support himself. "Your honor," cried his deserted wife, "don't believe a word he says. Look in his shoes." When the poverty stricken man's shoes were taken off forcibly, he burst into tears. It was a touching scene. But the officers found $281.05 snugly tucked away in his gunboats. The story teaches that when husbands and wives hide money they should not let the partner of their wedded bliss know the place. The partner will be sure to tell of it when the two fall out. But that will be a nice kind of money to be circulating around a community, won't it?

A public decorative league ought to be formed in every city, village and township of this country. Its object should be to improve roads, streets, landscapes, parks and the inside and outside of public buildings. In courthouses, town halls and schoolhouses there is scope for all the budding artistic instinct in the American soul. Public buildings may be improved by architectural additions, and beautified by paint and repairs, by decorating the walls and ceilings and by the addition of pictures and sculpture. The farmer will have his share of the work chiefly in improving the public road and beautifying the landscape. He will first remove from the public view all unsightly objects and structures on his grounds. The expenses of the public decorative league can always be met if people are public spirited.

NO CAUSE TO WORRY.

Still She Was a Trifle Anxious About Things In Howell.

"There was a motherly old lady sitting in the midst of her bundles at the Third Street depot yesterday, when a man with a grip sat down beside her and began to read a newspaper. She eyed him pretty sharply for a few minutes and then inquired:

"Any great news in the papers today?"

"Nothing very extraordinary," he replied.

"See anything in there from Howell?"

"Not yet."

"I'm from Howell, or purty near there. Bin down here visitin my sister. Haven't been here but two weeks, but it seems a half year. Only got one letter from Joe, and about all he said in that was that he took his pen in hand to inform me that he was well and hoped these few lines would find me the same, which they did. I'm a little worried. Don't find any item there about a house or barn burning up near Howell?"

"No, ma'am."

"Joseph was breaking a colt when I came away. Don't see anything about a farmer gettin' his neck broke or being kicked to death?"

"Nothing of the sort, ma'am."

"Anything about any one fallin down a well or off a haymow?"

"No, ma'am."

"Joseph is awful reckless, but mebbe he's got through all right. Anything about a mad dog bitin anybody, or a gun bustin and blowin a man's head off while he was shootin at a hawk?"

"Nothing whatever. I think you will get home to find everything all right."

"I hope so. But two weeks is a long time to be away, and I'm naturally given to worry more or less. I expect the pigs have got out of the pen two or three times, and I suppose the colts have broken out again, and Joseph has left the cellar door open every night, but if it's no worse I shall be a thankful woman."

"Here is an item about a farmer running away with the hired girl while his wife was absent," said the man as he turned the paper.

"Hoho!! Wall, that don't skeer me any. I didn't leave no hired gal there, and Joseph is so awfully homely that even the sheep dodge him. Much obleeged to you. I expect to find things a little topsy-turvy, but I guess there ain't no call to worry."—Detroit Free Press.

Euclid.

There are some books which require particular attention from the reader, but there is a young man in a New England city who, to judge from his own statements, finds nothing to check the speed with which he reads, even in the most difficult books.

"Everything is easy reading to me," he remarked cheerfully to a friend. "Now, people call 'Euclid's Elements' a hard book. I've heard 'em say so. But I don't. I read it through from beginning to end, sir, yesterday in a piece of the afternoon between dinner and supper."

"Read all Euclid in one afternoon!" exclaimed his friend. "How was that possible?"

"Upon my honor, I did it," returned the young man, with a broad smile of self satisfaction, "and I never read smoother reading in my life."

"Did you master all the demonstrations and solve all the problems as you went?" inquired the other, with natural incredulity.

"Demonstrations and problems?" queried the young man. "Oh, I suppose you mean the a's and b's and c's and 1's and 2's and the pictures of scratches and scrawls. No, I skipped all those. I read just Euclid himself, and I read all of him in one piece of the afternoon too!"—Youth's Companion.

Imperative.

It was in the conservatory. At last he had the chance of a tete a tete with the fair one who had enslaved him. She seemed rather cold, but of course that might be due to the cooler atmosphere after the warmth of the ballroom. This is how he attempted to break the ice: "I suppose you are extremely fond of dancing, Miss Triptoe?"

"Well, not passionately. I sometimes prefer 'sitting out,' especially with an interesting partner."

Then the band struck up again.

"Let me see—I have you down for this waltz, I think. Shall we take it?"

"Oh, dear, no! Not on any account!"

And somehow he didn't seem to half enjoy that dance.—Tit-Bits.

Polite, but Determined.

"Gentlemen, please hold up your hands and oblige me by getting out of the buggy and permitting me to search your persons," was the request made by three masked men to Mr. L. D. Vanderen and his son William the other night about 7:30 o'clock as they were riding home to supper.

Mr. Vanderen is a very obliging man, and he proceeded to get out and he searched after first being covered by three shotguns. The men secured his pocketbook containing $276 and then said:

"Please get into the buggy and oblige us by moving on."

They disappeared in the woods by the roadside.—Elkhart (Ind.) Dispatch.

Meeting Him on His Own Ground.

Student—I will tell you frankly that I shall not be able to pay for the suit till next year. When will you have it ready?

Tailor—Next year.—Tit-Bits.

Visible Existence.

"How did you learn that old Kicker would make a good addition to our football team?"

Dodger—I asked him for his daughter's hand.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

FOR BALMY WEATHER

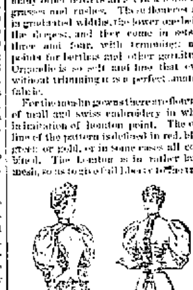
THINGS NEW AND LOVELY FOR THE COMING SEASON.

Exquisite Organdies With Flounces Like a Flower Garden—Easter Fashions Expected Soon—Something For the Growing Girls. Olive Harper's Fashion Gossip.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The summer girl is to have many new and lovely things that have never before been devised to subjugate the masculine heart. There are to be some exquisite organdies with flounces like a flower garden, with here a growth of violets, there some roses and many other flowers all set in a border of grasses and rushes. These flounces are in graduated widths, the lower one being the deepest, and they come in sets of three and four, with trimmings; also points for berthas and other garnitures. Organdie is so soft and fine that even without trimming it is a perfect summer fabric.

For the muslin gowns there are flounces of mull and swiss embroidery in white in imitation of honiton point. The outline of the pattern is defined in red, blue, green or gold, or in some cases all combined. The honiton is in rather large mesh, so as to give full liberty to the tracings.



SPRING GOWNS.

This makes a trimming that will be largely employed on white dresses for all persons who wear white in warm weather—from baby to grandma. No one can imagine how very pretty this colored lace embroidery is without seeing it.

The summer dresses will not all be trimmed with lace, however, for many of them will be as plain as they can be, for the much trimmed ones are not apt to look well after they are washed. Some of the wealthiest young ladies are making up their gowns with perfectly flat trimmings. I saw one of hairline zephyr gingham, pink and brown. There were two skirts. The under one had three rows of brown and black hairline striped gingham sewed on flat around the bottom. The overskirt was open in front and had a flat band all around it. The waist was plain with the exception of two stripes down the front.

A white gown that was just being finished for a young lady who expects to wear it at Saratoga struck me as being wonderfully pretty and dainty, though not one to bear much steady wear. The dress was of white linen lawn, sheer and fine. There were three gathered flounces of vandyked embroidery around the bottom, run with yellow silk. There was a belt ribbon, with loops and long ends tied in front. The waist had a sort of surplice crossing made of the embroidery, set with the points upward. The sleeves were bishop, with two bands of the embroidery from shoulder to wrist, the points touching and making diamond shaped open spaces. Where the points touched they were tied with bows of Tom Thumb ribbon the same shade of yellow as that in the pattern. This arrangement will allow the bare arm to show between the spaces, and it is expected that it will prove effective. The surplice waist leaves a V shaped opening at the throat.

Another gown for summer is of Quaker drab taffeta silk, cut away in front and bordered with a double quilling of the same silk. The front breadth is of blue and brown striped taffeta, and this same



WAISTS FOR GIRLS.

pattern is employed as a simulated vest front and for the balloon puffs to the sleeves. This would be a pretty design to develop in gingham or chambray.

By next week the Easter fashions will be on view, and we may expect many pretty things, but I doubt if there will be many startling changes—from felt to straw in hats, and from furs to light coats and capes. Easter comes earlier this year than usual, I think, and it will be difficult to get the proper weather for the things that will be worn on Easter day, whether it is cold or warm.

Often a mother is driven well nigh distracted to find something for her growing girls that aids their appearance and hides their defects. I took special notice of two new costumes for young girls which seem to me perfect. One for every day was of dark brown serge made with a square yoke, to which was gathered a full lower part, extending down to a basque frill, held in by a hooked belt. Around the shoulders was a bertha ruffle of the serge, with two silver flat castle braids sewed on. Two more encircled the collar. The bertha was shirred very neatly, which gave it a pretty finish.

OLIVE HARPER.

THE CAUSE.

She Seemed Put Out, and He Failed to Understand It.

It was quite a party that got into an out bound car on Niagara street last night. There were two pretty young women and two attentive escorts, a couple of older men and their wives and three little girls. They were bound for a social or an entertainment or something of the kind.

One of the young women was displeased. She flounced into the car and sat in a corner and pouted. Her escort was a callow young fellow, and he was frightened out of what few wits he possessed. He fussed around and tried to get the girl to talk, but she would have nothing to do with him beyond answering his questions in the shortest possible manner.

"I suppose this car was the best one we could take," said the young man.

"I suppose so," snapped the girl.

"I guess we won't have to walk more than three or four blocks."

"Probably not," said the girl, and her voice was cold enough to stay frozen.

"Anyway, the sidewalks are good, and it wasn't raining very hard when we got on the car."

The girl had nothing to say to this, and the young man stricken speechless and tried to think of some other way to start a conversation.

The girl still pouted. The rest of the party were talking merrily, and the young man who had the sulky beauty in tow was desperate. He made up his mind to find out what was the trouble. He moved close to the girl and said, "Now, Lou, what on earth is the matter with you?"

"Nothing," snapped the girl.

"But there must be something. I wish you would tell me."

"I assure you, there's nothing the matter with me."

"Don't you want to go where we are going?"

"Certainly, or I wouldn't go."

"Well, then, what is it?"

Before the sulky girl could answer one of the three little girls piped out: "I know what ails Lou."

"What is it, Mamie?" asked the young man.

"Now, Mamie," said the sulky girl, "you just keep still."

"Well, I do know," insisted Mamie. The rest of the party had heard the conversation, and everybody was listening eagerly.

"What is it, Mamie?" asked the young man again.

"She's mad because you didn't get a carriage," answered the little girl shrilly.

And the conductor was so tickled that he carried a fat woman two blocks beyond her stopping place.—Buffalo Express.

He Did Not Smile.

They were rival candidates for a vacant seat in parliament, and they smiled patronizingly when they met together in a railway carriage.

"My good sir," said the first rival kindly, "whatever on earth has prompted you to oppose me in the forthcoming election? You haven't a chance to win. It's a donkey to a strawberry against you!"

"Indeed!" said the second rival dubiously. "That certainly doesn't sound very encouraging, but perhaps you wouldn't mind apologizing for the liberty you've taken in calling me a strawberry!"

And you could have heard a fly sneeze in the awkward silence that followed the last remark.—Tit-Bits.

Professional Pride.

The wife of a wealthy manufacturer had occasion to call in the help of a new floor polisher. "Do you understand your business thoroughly?"

"All I ask, madam, is that you shall inquire for yourself at the colonel's, next door. On the parqueted floor of the large drawing room alone five persons broke their limbs during the last winter, and a lady slipped down the grand staircase. It was I who polished the floor and the stairs."—Ulk.

Of Another Genus.

Teacher—And now Maudie may tell us which of the fur bearing animals is the most valuable.

Maudie—The cat is the most valuable.

Teacher—Nonsense. Who put that absurd idea into your head?

Maudie—'Tain't nonsense. I heard papa say that he made $1,000 on a kitty last night.—Life.

Delicate.

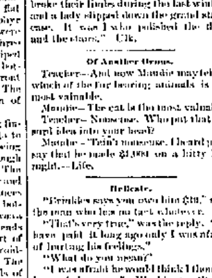
"Brinkles says you owe him $10," said the man who has no tact whatever.

"That's very true," was the reply. "I'd have paid it long ago only I was afraid of hurting his feelings."

"What do you mean?"

"I was afraid he would think I thought he needed money."—Washington Star.

Carte Blanche.



The Dressmaker—You wish your new gown to be very simple?

Mrs. Van Bunk—Just as simple as possible. Spare no expense!—Puck.

A Social Duty Made Pleasant.

Maud—Did you enjoy your call at Mrs. Frigiddes?

Elaine—Yes.

Maud—I didn't know she was at home in the afternoons.

Elaine—She wasn't.—Chicago Record.

Not Forward Eggs.

New Boarder—One thing I'll say for these eggs—there's nothing bold or impudent about them.

Landlord—Bold or impudent? I don't understand.

New Boarder—Why, not a bit too fresh, you know.—Buffalo Courier.

Making Things Comfortable.

"What are you doing, man? You fancy you are getting into your drawers, and it's your nightcap you are trying to put on all the time."

"I know well enough what I'm about. My foot has gone to sleep."—Semana Illustrada.

Rather Dull.

Friend—How is business?

Merchant—Bad—very bad.

"Pretty dull, eh?"

"Never saw it so dull. There hasn't been a day for two months that I didn't have till 10 minutes to spare for lunch."—Puck.

Worked Overtime.

"Apropos of hard times," said a drummer recently returned from a western pilgrimage, "would you believe that workmen could order a strike in times like these?"

"No, indeed," replied his employer. "Why, thousands of men are idle. These fellows never know when they are well off. Where was the strike?"

"Oh, out in Indiana in a vinegar factory," replied the drummer. "The men quit because they said the cider was working more than eight hours a day."—New York Herald.

Unkind.

The pages of amusing literature are checked with the sayings of honest and untactful people. The following incidents have, moreover, the merit of being strictly true:

A lady who had studied an elementary treatise of astrology one day took it upon her to "cast the horoscope" of a boarding house acquaintance.

"Let me see," she began after taking down the day of the "subject's" birth, "you are in Aries. Aries is intellect. Why, no!" she suddenly exclaimed, looking up, as the full force of the definition struck her, "there must be some mistake. You can't be in Aries!"

Another innocently frank person was admiring the baby grandson of a famous man.

"Now," said she encouragingly to the parents of the child, "this boy will be a genius. It is perfectly safe to expect it, for you know genius always skips one generation."—Youth's Companion.

The Biblical Captain.

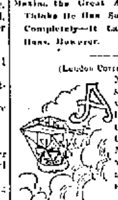
The word captain, so often used in the Bible, simply means officer.

THE LATEST AIR SHIP

IS AT LEAST ANOTHER STEP FORWARD.

Maxim, the Great American Inventor, Thinks He Has Solved the Problem Completely—It Lacks Some Perfections, However.

(London Correspondence.)



AMONG ALL THE scientific men whose researches have contributed to aerial navigation, Hiram S. Maxim, the inventor of the airship in question, stands foremost. As the inventor of the Maxim gun, and many other ingenious machines of less importance, he had won a world wide fame before the navigation of the air became the chief object of his study and investigation.

Beginning life fifty three years ago, with a common school education and a jack-knife, in Sangerville, Maine, he is now the proud possessor of a town house in London, and is lord of the manor at Baldwyn's Park, a stretching domain of hundreds of acres, which he leased five years ago as well adapted to his preliminary experiments.

Mr. Maxim is a man of medium height and solid build, his weight being 210 pounds. His hair, mustache and beard are white, but his mental and physical energy are astonishing, and go far to explain the variety and extent of the results he has achieved.

The work of inventing and constructing a flying machine, nearly every part of which, from boiler to connecting rods, is a variation from existing appliances, enforced by the necessities of the occasion, is one which could only be undertaken by a man of much ingenuity, equipped with an extraordinary practical knowledge of mechanics.

While he has a sturdy Americanism which personal interviews with half the reigning monarchs of Europe have not in the least affected, he retains a pleasant conviction that of all the spots on the map of the world, not one is so important or agreeable to contemplate as the good old state of Maine.

Upon arrival at Baldwyn's park, the proceedings began with an appetizing luncheon in a handsome dining-room, though above the table hung an ornament which was perfectly calculated to entirely take away a visitor's appetite.

This was a model of the air ship on the scale of an inch to the foot.

It was so strange an object that it made one oblivious of the fruit and indifferent to the coffee. By way of introduction and explanation, the inventor said:

"The principle I have worked on, generally speaking, is that of the kite. That large cloth frame at the top of the model is the aeroplane, or main kite surface.

"The lesser aeroplane above the platform, or car; the side aeroplanes, or wings, and the flat pointed rudders, fore and aft, are designed to furnish additional kite surface.

"It is necessary to make it, however, so that we can run it in a calm, against the air, thus making our own wind, as it were, and for this purpose I have a railway track, and instead of cords to hold the kite against the wind, I employ a pair of powerful screw propellers driven by a steam engine.

"In this manner I can drive the machine exactly as I please, can ascertain exactly how much the push of the screw is, and at the same time find out exactly how much the machine lifts at different speeds.

"The machine is, in fact, a big kite.

"Should I fly it in the air with a cord during a strong gale and then run my engines, I should be able to find out how fast they would have to run in order to take all the pull off the cord. As soon as the cord became slack, the machine would be flying with its own engine power."

To more clearly illustrate his meaning, Mr. Maxim led the way to the workshop in the grounds—a large and



THE AIR SHIP ON THE TRACK.

substantial bird cage, sixty feet wide and fifty high, in which the mechanical bird had been constructed, and stood perched for one of its daily flights.

A railway track nine feet wide ran outward from the closed doors, and stretched indefinitely, in a straight line, across the green level of the park to the line of a belt of woods 2,000 feet distant.

On the platform, near the front end, was a small boiler house in the shape, roughly speaking, of a truncated pyramid, and ten feet behind it was a frame eleven feet high, on which were two sets of compound cylinders, and two big wooden screws above the two sides of the platform, and eighteen feet apart.

Outside of these fundamental accessories were a water tank, a naphtha tank and an indefinite number of rods and very small wire ropes, to give strength and compactness to the whole.

The many minor elements of the machinery did not at first catch the eye, but all appeared in interesting action when details were entered upon later on.

It should be noted that the machine, as it stood and as it appears in the accompanying pictures, was without the side planes, and the big rudders of cloth on steel frames, which are mounted, fore and aft, on the main aeroplane.

These are not used in the experimental trials, their utility having been established, as far as is possible, without a practical test in the air.

Pushed by the workmen, the machine rolled slowly out of the house, and shortly stood upon the track in the park. It had completely filled the workshop from roof to floor; but here, with only the sky above it, seemed smaller and lighter.

The steam was hissing in the boiler; the big screws had made one or two preliminary revolutions, and a flight along the track was imminent. "Jump on board," shouted its owner, who stood at the boiler, coaxing half a dozen different gauges and, climbing over an outlying rod like the outrigger of a canoe, I mounted the platform, which was of the lightest matched boards, so thin that they seemed insufficient to bear a man's weight.

Prior to the start, a rope running to a dynamometer and post was attached behind to measure the forward impulse, or "push," of the screw.

Mr. Maxim turned on the steam, and the screw on the port side began to revolve. It is 17 feet 11 inches in length, 5 feet wide at the ends, and 22 inches at the waist.

It is made of the lightest American yellow pine, and painted a pale blue, the paint having been sandpapered to perfect smoothness, reducing the skin friction to a point at which it became negligible.

It revolved faster and faster as the steam power was increased until it was whirling on its seemingly frail frame-



MAXIM ILLUSTRATING HIS PRINCIPLE.

work at a dizzying speed. Then steam was shut off; it came quickly to a standstill and its fellow on the other side was tried.

All working smoothly, both screws began to turn faster and faster and faster, until the eye began to lose the blades and retain only the sense of two whirling discs.

The action of the screws at high speed caused remarkably little shaking of the whole machine.

This is one of the surprises of the invention, the tremendous force exerted as compared with the lightness, steadiness and compactness of the whole.

Behind the screws, forty feet away two men were squatting over the dynamometer, and indicating the degree of "push" on a large index board for the engineer to read.

The index marked 400, 500, 600, 700, and, finally 1,200 pounds of "push."

The pressure was then diminished below five hundred, and the commander yelled "Let go!" A rope was pulled, the machine shot forward like a railway train, and, with the big wheels whirling, the steam hissing, and the waste pipes puffing and gurgling flew over the 1,800 feet of track in much less time than it takes to tell it.

It was stopped by a couple of ropes stretched across the track, working on capstans fitted with revolving fans. The stoppage was gentle, and the passenger breathed freely again, looking now upon the machine with more friendly and less fearful eye, as if it were a dangerous bulldog with which amicable relations had been established and fear of injury was over.

Woman Suffrage in England.

Woman suffrage in England is slowly—slowly, but with wonderful success—on the forward move. Archdeacon Wilson has pronounced in favor of one woman vote for single and married women; and among the chronicles of unpleasant social happenings, too common now in Brighton, London or Manchester to excite comment, are casual announcements of Mrs. Martindale's at home entertaining her guests agreeably with arguments in support of the woman's suffrage special appeal committee. Addresses were delivered and interesting arguments in favor of the feminine movement. These seem but little drops of water and most unimportant grains of sand, but Lord Rosebery, if ever he is called upon to answer to the United British Women, will find that something more than a good dinner and pleasant talk will be needed to satisfy their demands.—English Ex.

A Humpback Whale.

A citizen of South Bend, Wash., has a humpback whale on his hands which is proving a worse incumbrance than the traditional elephant, not alone to himself, but to the whole community. The whale became stranded at the mouth of the river and the enterprising citizen bought from the fisherman who captured it and made some money by placing it on exhibition. But the whale died and after awhile it became very dead and the owner can't dispose of it. He tried, as a last resort, to burn it and spent his profits on wood and kerosene, but the whale won't burn. The town is pervaded by an extremely ancient, fishlike smell, and the citizens are urgent in their demands that the owner of the whale shall remove his property in some expeditious way.

What are Your Symptoms, Sufferer?

Are they a furred tongue, headache, oppression after eating, constipation? If so, you are dyspeptic and bilious, and nothing will meet your case so efficiently as Simmons Liver Regulator.

Died of Small Pox.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—The Sister of Charity, Alvina, who contracted small pox while caring for the patients at the pest house, died last night after a week's illness.

Tons of Petrified Fish.

In the northwestern part of Colorado there is a region several hundred square miles in extent which is literally a vast deposit of petrified fish of all sizes and shapes. These fish beds—shale, containing fish remains—are about 150 feet in thickness and extend up and down the Green river for a distance of 150 or 200 miles.

The usual treatment of catarrh is very unsatisfactory, as thousands can testify. Proper local treatment is positively necessary to success, but many, if not most, of the remedies in general use afford but temporary relief. A cure certainly cannot be expected from snuffs, powders, douches and washes. Ely's Cream Balm which is so highly commended, is a remedy which combines the important requisites of quick action, specific curative power, with perfect safety and pleasantness to the patient. The druggists all sell it.

Circulation of the Bible.

The bible has been printed, either wholly or in part, in 351 languages or dialects. Up to April, 1892, there had been more than 37,000,000 copies of bibles, testaments and portions of the scripture printed in Great Britain and America, by various societies, while the millions printed by private publishers cannot be estimated.

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When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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